

# Science Education: Future-Proofing Human Capital

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July 19, 2022



# Menu for today...



- Our Aim
- The Game Changers
- Our State
- New Inputs
- Science Education
- Our Contributions



# Future-Proofing



- **Future-proofing** is the process of anticipating the future and developing methods of minimizing the effects of shocks and stresses of future events.
- Future-proofing is used in industries such as electronics, medical industry, industrial design, and more recently, in design for climate change.



# Future-Proofing



- "Future-proof" refers to the ability of something to continue to be of value into the distant future—that the item does not become obsolete.



# Our Aim!



# ***GAME CHANGER***

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# Global Innovation Index 2021





Empowerment  
Embracing the change

Industrial Revolution 4.0

# EDUCATION 4.0

Learning ecosystem  
Pedagogy  
Digital technology

<b>Virtual Reality</b>	<b>Gamification</b>	<b>Story Based Learning</b>
<b>360° Learning environment</b>	<b>Simulation</b>	<b>Micro Learning</b>
<b>Virtual Classroom</b>	<b>Video Training</b>	<b>Learning Apps</b>
<b>Learning Management System</b>	<b>Blended Learning</b>	<b>Cloud Learning</b>
<b>Webbased Training</b>	<b>Adaptive Learning</b>	<b>Mobile Learning</b>
<b>Collaborative Learning</b>	<b>Social Learning</b>	<b>Workplace Learning</b>





# Large-scale Assessments in Education

Editor-in-Chief:  
Dirk Hastedt  
International Association  
for the Evaluation of  
Educational Achievement  
(IEA), The Netherlands

Web Traffic\*

From Google Analytics: Top countries visited in 2018

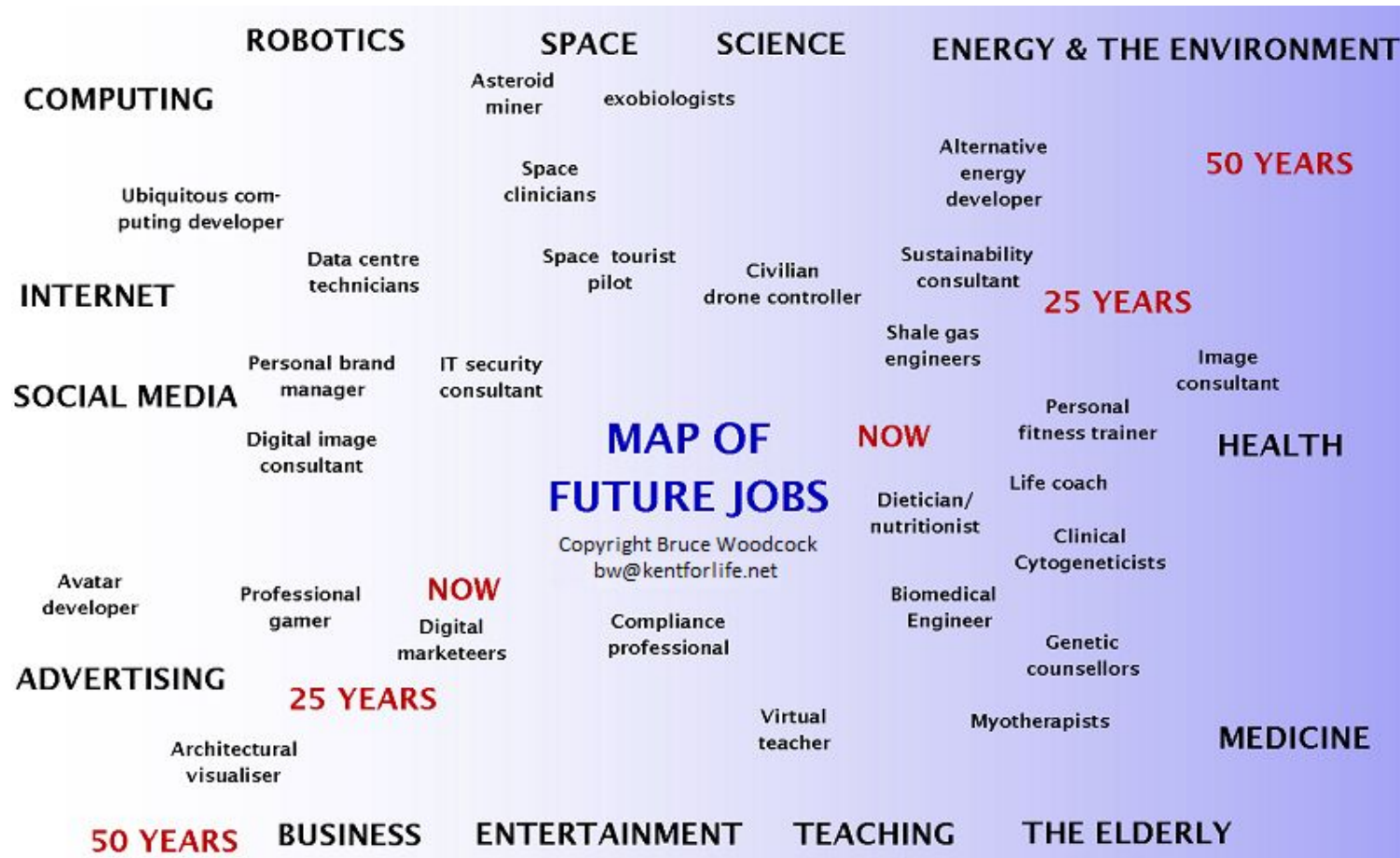
Country	Relative Web Traffic
Canada	High
United States	High
Mexico	Low
Trinidad & Tobago	Low
South Africa	Low
The Netherlands	High
Belgium	High
United Kingdom	High
Germany	High
Norway	High
Poland	High
Turkey	High
India	High
Pakistan	Low
Philippines	Low
Australia	Low



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0000



## Five Jobs of the Future

Can you imagine what the world will look like in ten, fifty or even one hundred years from now? With new technologies and innovations shaking up every industry, here are five jobs to look out for in the future.



### Biomedical Engineers

Biomedical engineering will become more important, with future biomedical engineers creating advanced prosthetics and artificially created organs.



### Online Image Developers

As more of our lives move online, companies and individuals may want to hire someone to manage and promote their digital 'brand'.



### Body Modification Surgeons

An inbuilt eye camera to record the world? A built-in compass? They've already been done, so just imagine where body modification surgery could go next...



### Robotics Engineers

In the future, robots could take on all manner of dangerous or unpleasant jobs, and someone will need to design, build and maintain our little android friends.



### Space Travel Agents

Sound a bit futuristic? Some wealthy individuals have already enjoyed holidays in space and, as costs fall, more of us could enjoy guided tours of the galaxy.

Predicting the future can be a dangerous game and nobody really knows what to expect in tomorrow's world of work. These are just five careers which may become more important in the next few years - think it's time to retrain?

# What's VUCADD?



# What's VUCADD?



- **Volatility (V):** Turbulence or the unexpected which may have been due to digital economy, connectivity and increased global competition and innovation (*Brodnick & Gryskiewicz, 2018*)
- **Uncertainty (U):** Absence of predictability (*Cook, 2015*)
- **Complexity (C):** Describes the multiplex of factors, interconnectedness and confounding issues
- **Ambiguity (A):** Lack of clarity that surrounds an event (*Stensaker, frolich, Huisman, Waagene, Scordato, & Pimentel-Btas, 2014*)

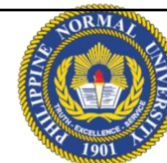


# What's VUCAD<sup>2</sup>?



# Addressing VUCAD<sup>2</sup>?

VUCAD	Counter	Action
Volatility	Vision	Clarify purpose
Uncertainty	Understanding	Gather information
Complexity	Clarity	Have discrete and manageable chunks
Ambiguity	Agility	Run small test, learn, share
Diversity	Differentiation	Consider uniqueness



# Our State





# GII-2021

## PHILIPPINES PLACES 51<sup>st</sup> OUT OF 132 ECONOMIES IN GLOBAL INNOVATION RANKING

*Innovation Ecosystem Performance of 132 Economies*

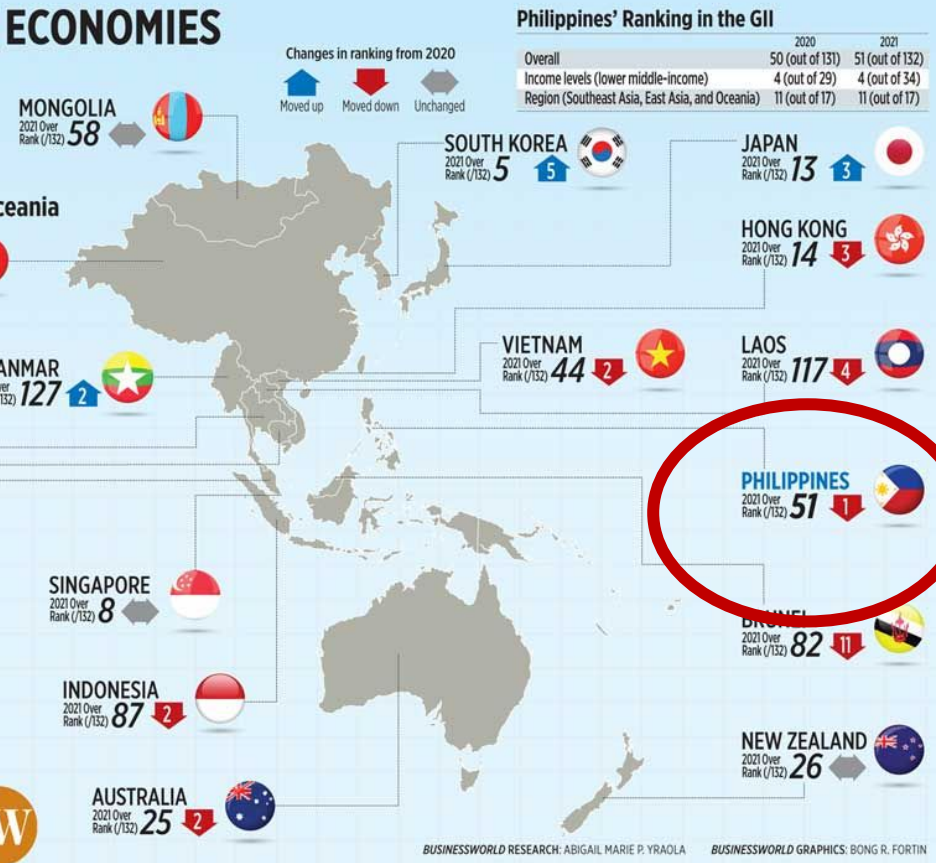
### PHL Ranking in 7 Global Innovation Index (GII) Areas



### Global Top 10

2021 rank	Country	Change in ranking from 2020
1	Switzerland	Unchanged
2	Sweden	Unchanged
3	United States of America	Unchanged
4	United Kingdom	Unchanged
5	South Korea	Moved up 5
6	Netherlands	Moved down 1
7	Finland	Unchanged
8	Singapore	Unchanged
9	Denmark	Moved down 3
10	Germany	Moved down 1

SOURCE: GLOBAL INNOVATION INDEX 2021 (WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION, IN PARTNERSHIP WITH THE PORTULANS INSTITUTE, VARIOUS CORPORATE AND ACADEMIC PARTNERS AND THE GII ADVISORY BOARD)



### Philippines' Ranking in the GII

	2020	2021
Overall	50 (out of 131)	51 (out of 132)
Income levels (lower middle-income)	4 (out of 29)	4 (out of 34)
Region (Southeast Asia, East Asia, and Oceania)	11 (out of 17)	11 (out of 17)

BUSINESSWORLD RESEARCH: ABIGAIL MARIE P. YRAOLA

BUSINESSWORLD GRAPHICS: BONG R. FORTIN



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UNESCO Science Report 2021

# Researchers per million inhabitants by country, 1996–2018 (in full-time equivalents)



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# Researchers in R&D (per million people)

Korea, Rep.

2020

8,714



Japan

2020

5,455



Singapore

2019

7,287



Thailand

2019

1,790



Philippines

2018

174



# SDG's Status in Phil

## SDG Dashboards and Trends

Click on a goal to view more information.



Dashboards: ● SDG achieved ● Challenges remain ● Significant challenges remain ● Major challenges remain ● Information unavailable

Trends: ↑ On track or maintaining SDG achievement ↗ Moderately improving → Stagnating ↓ Decreasing ● Trend information unavailable

# THE, QS, PISA



**THE IMPACT RANKINGS 2022** | **SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS**

- [1] Ateneo De Manila University (101-200)
- [2] De La Salle University (401-600)
- [2] Mariano Marcos State University (401-600)
- [4] Central Luzon State University (601-800)
- [4] Mapua University (601-800)
- [4] University of Santo Tomas (601-800)
- [4] Tarlac Agriculture University (601-800)
- [8] Visayas State University (801-1000)**
- [8] MSU-Iligan Institute of Technology (801-1000)
- [8] Nueva Ecija University of Science & Technology (801-1000)
- [8] San Beda University (801-1000)
- [12] University of Asia and the Pacific (1001+)
- [12] Cebu Technological University (1001+)
- [12] St. Paul University Philippines (1001+)

**Table 1 Philippine Average TIMSS Scores**  
(Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study)

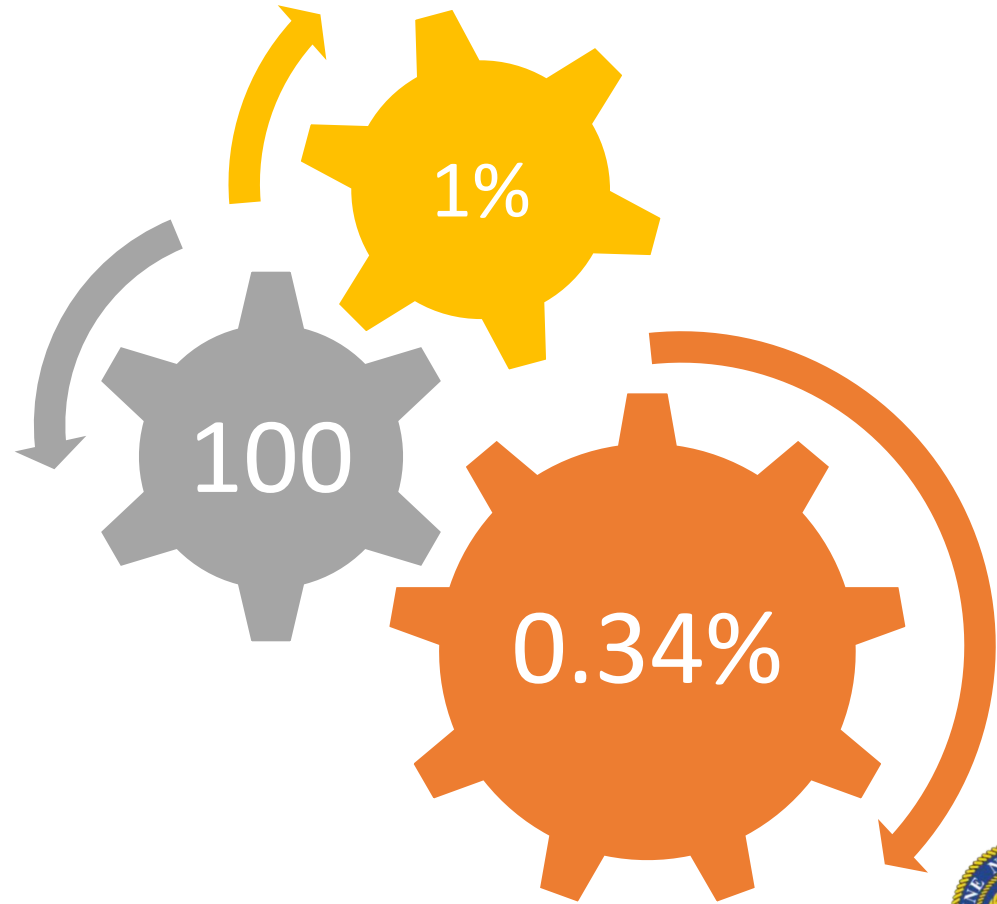
	Scores	International Average	Rank	Participating Countries
<b>2003 Results</b>				
<b>Grade IV</b>				
Science	332	489	23	25
Mathematics	358	495	23	25
<b>HS II</b>				
Science	377	473	43	46
Mathematics	378	466	34	38
<b>2008 Results</b>				
Advanced Mathematics	355	500	10	10

Source: TIMSS, 2003 and 2008

The poor quality of basic education is reflected in the low achievement scores of Filipino students 😞



# STEAM Education in Phil.



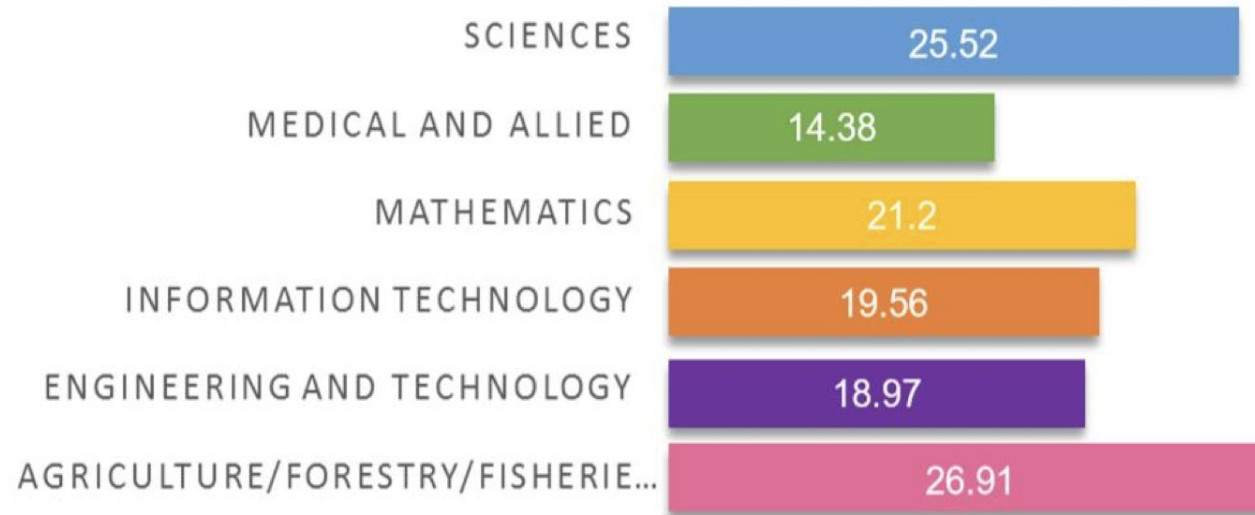
# STEAM Education in Phil.

## Enrolment vs Completers

Discipline	SUCs	LUCs	OGS	Private	Completers vs Enrolment
Science	25%	21%	34%	22%	23%
Technology	30%	28%	27%	25%	28%
Agriculture	20%	17%		18%	19%
Engineering	26%	27%	25%	22%	25%
Mathematics	30%	27%		29%	29%
<b>STEAM</b>	<b>26%</b>	<b>25%</b>	<b>30%</b>	<b>22%</b>	<b>45%</b>
<b>STEAM vs total enrolment</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>9%</b>



# STEAM Education in Phil.



*Figure 1. Completion rate (%) across STEAM areas calculated from a 5-year data until SY 2016-2017. Source of Data: Commission on Higher Education*

**“Low rate of completion in STEAM outlines a negative outlook on how the country may utilize STEAM professionals for knowledge capital of the country.”**





# STEAM Education in Phil.

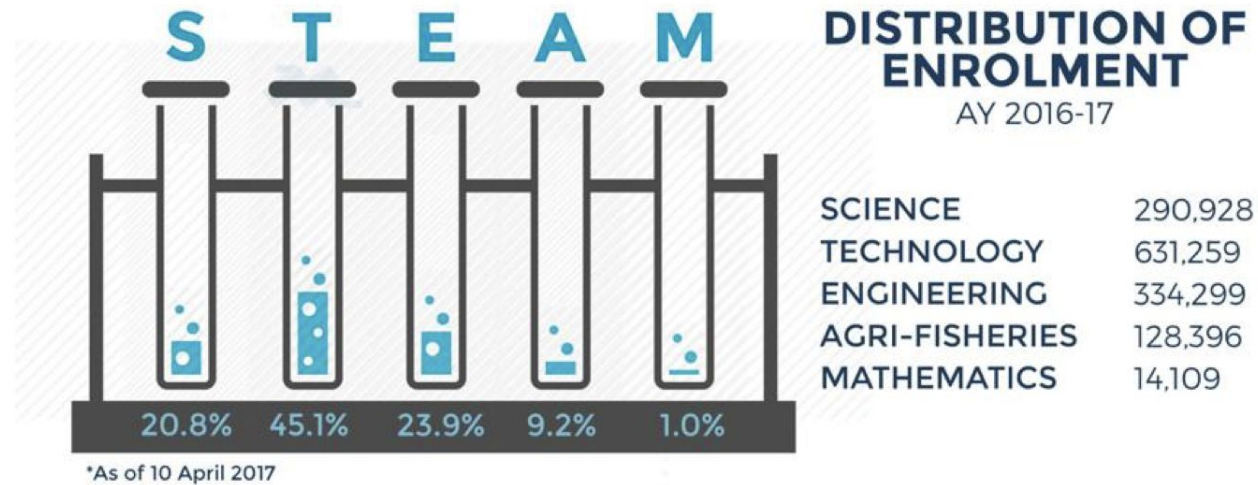
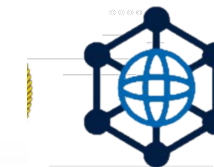


Figure 1. STEAM enrolment (source: PHCHED.gov)

**“Out of the 3,589,484 tertiary enrollment in the year 2017, only 35.9% chose STEAM. About 20% completion rate in State Universities and Colleges, and an average of 21.9% completion rate for STEAM.”**



# STEAM Education in Phil.

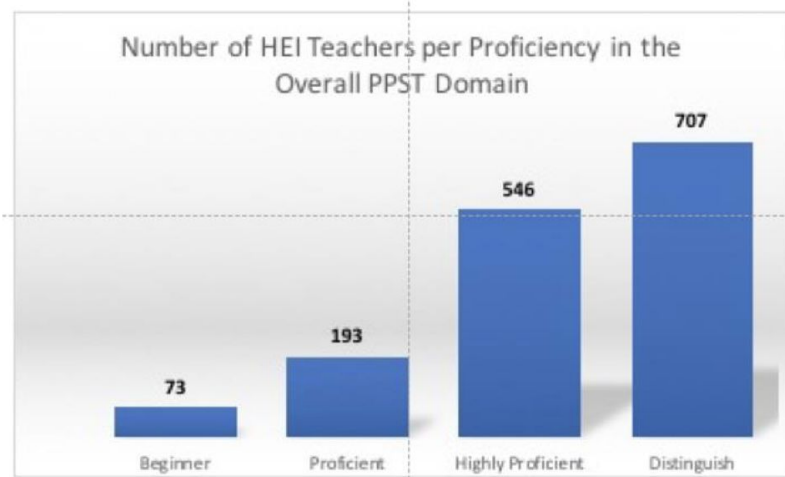
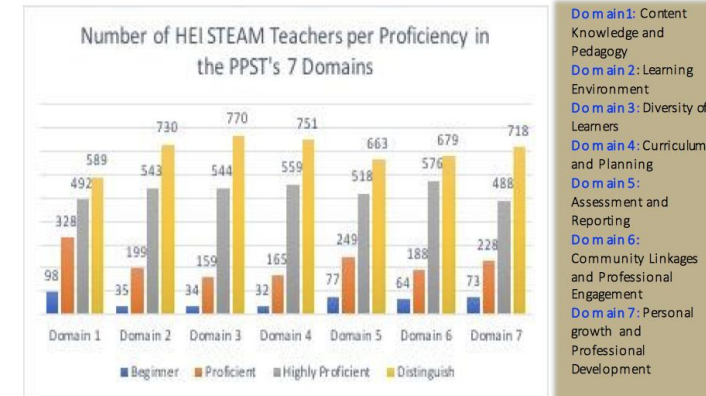


Figure 1. Number of HEI Teachers per Proficiency in the Overall PPST Domain

“Philippine Higher STEAM educators’ perceived proficiency ranges from ‘Highly Proficient to Distinguished leaning on the ‘Distinguished’ self-perception as STEAM educators.”



Domain 1: Content Knowledge and Pedagogy  
 Domain 2: Learning Environment  
 Domain 3: Diversity of Learners  
 Domain 4: Curriculum and Planning  
 Domain 5: Assessment and Reporting  
 Domain 6: Community Linkages and Professional Engagement  
 Domain 7: Personal growth and Professional Development

Figure 2. Number of HEI Teachers per Proficiency in the Overall PPST's 7 Domains

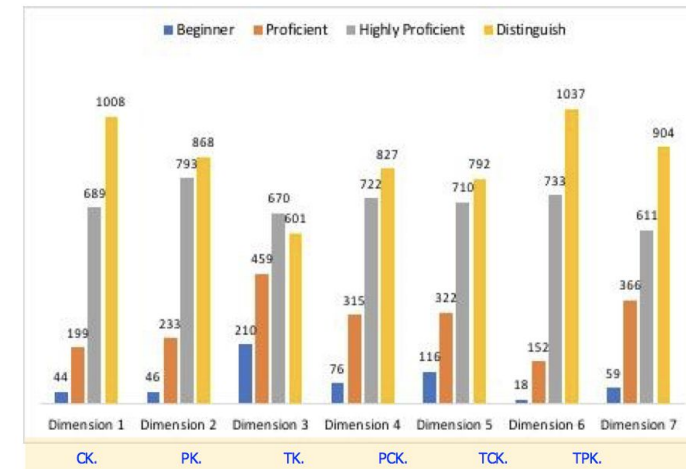


Figure 3. Number of HEI Teachers per Proficiency according to TPACK Dimensions

# STEAM Education in Phil Basic Ed

609

Special Sci Elem  
School

686

STE-Implementing  
Schools

58

Legislated Science  
High Schools

15

Regional Science  
High Schools

30

Public City Science  
High Schools

16

PSHS

256

Private Science High  
School

(Vea, 2020)



# Inputs

Global and National Contexts



# Agenda 2030 Learning Compass

## OECD's Future of Education and Skills 2030



"Education is no longer about teaching students something alone; it is more important to be teaching them to develop a reliable compass and the navigation tools to find their own way in a world that is increasingly complex, volatile and uncertain.

Our imagination, awareness, knowledge, skills and, most important, our common values, intellectual and moral maturity, and sense of responsibility is what will guide us for the world to become a better place"

SCHLEICHER, 2019

# Agenda 2030 Learning Compass

Future of  
Education and Skills  
2030

## Phase 1 (2015-2018)

Kinds of competencies students need to thrive in and shape the future for better lives and societal well-being

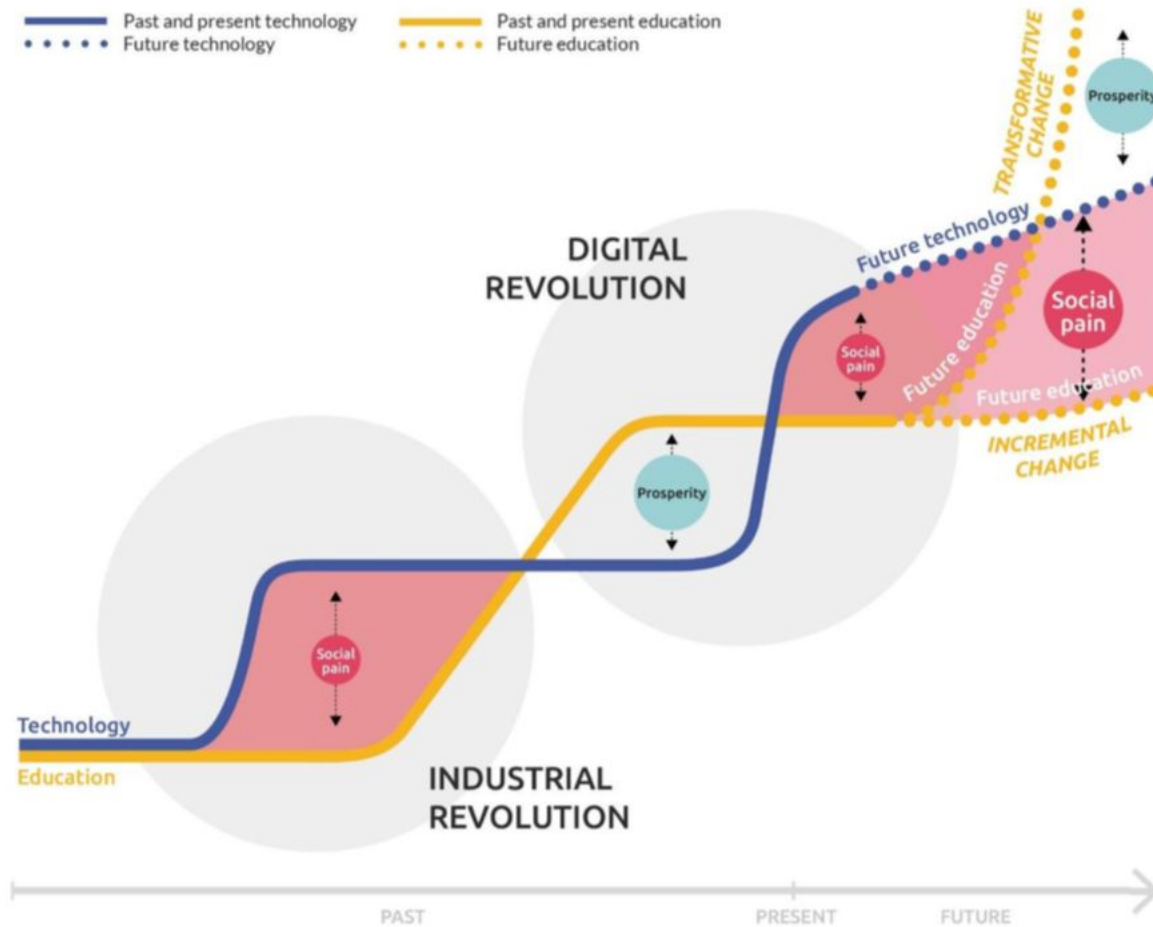
## Phase 2 (2019 onwards)

The focus on the “how’s” (how to design learning environments that can nurture such competencies)



# Agenda 2030 Learning Compass

Figure 2. The race between technology and education



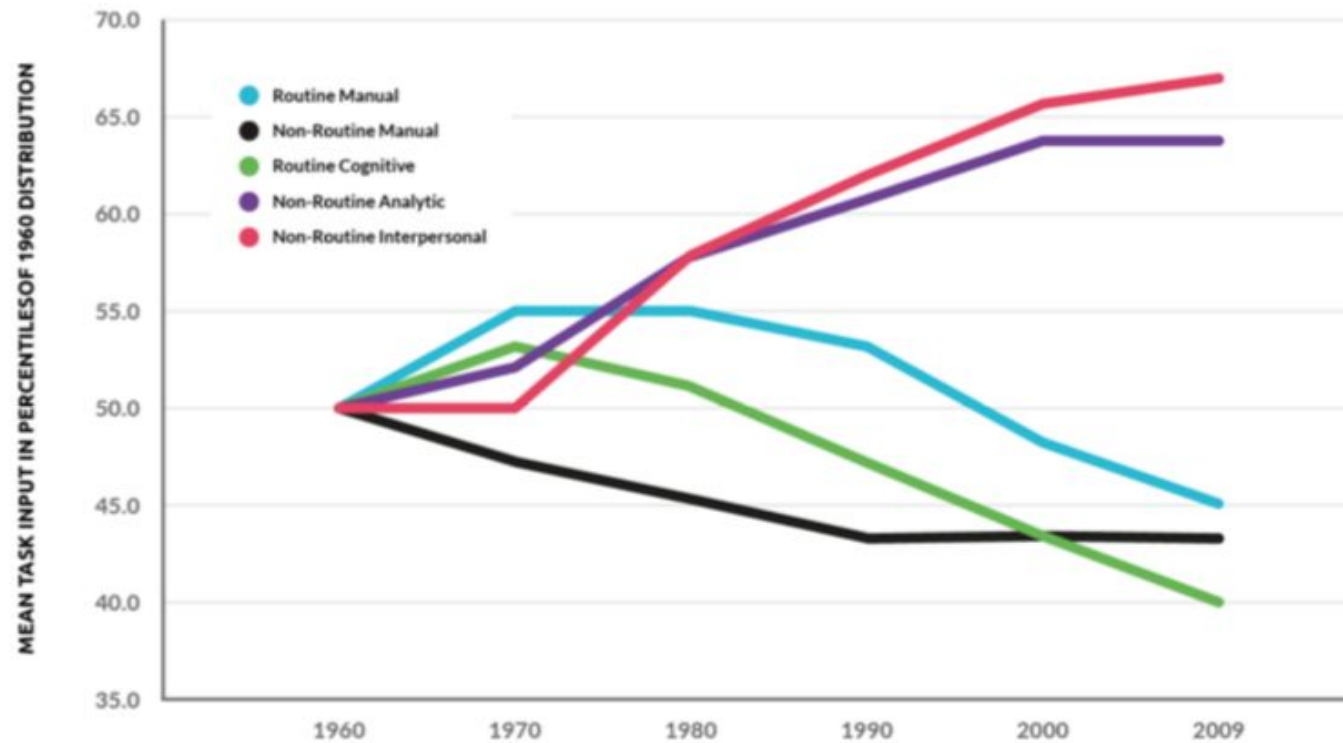
Source: Inspired by "The race between technology and education", Goldin and Katz (2010<sub>(2)</sub>).



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# Agenda 2030 Learning Compass

Figure 3. Change since 1960 in prevalence of types of tasks required for work



*Note:* This figure shows how the task composition performed by US workers has changed from 1960 to 2009.  
*Source:* Autor and Price (2013) in Bialik and Fadel (2018<sup>[7]</sup>), p.7.



# Agenda 2030 Learning Compass



# From Key Competencies to Transformative Competencies

## Key Competencies

- **Use tools interactively (e.g. language, technology)**
  - The ability to use language, symbols and text interactively
  - The ability to use knowledge and information interactively
  - The ability to use technology interactively
- **Interact in heterogeneous groups**
  - The ability to relate well to others
  - The ability to co-operate
  - The ability to manage and resolve conflicts
- **Act autonomously**
  - The ability to act within the “big picture”

## Transformative Competencies

**Creating new value**

**Reconciling tensions and dilemmas**

**Taking responsibility**



# 7 Elements of OECD's Learning Compass

## Core foundations

- fundamental conditions and core skills, knowledge, and attitudes and values that are prerequisites for further learning across the entire curriculum

## Transformative competencies

- creating new value,
- reconciling tensions and dilemmas,
- taking responsibility

## Student agency/co-agency

- Student agency is defined as the capacity to set a goal, reflect and act responsibly to effect change
- Co-agency recognizes that students, teachers, parents and communities work together to help students progress towards their shared goals

## Knowledge for 2030

- disciplinary
- interdisciplinary
- epistemic
- procedural



# 7 Elements of OECD's Learning Compass

## Skills for 2030

- Cognitive and metacognitive
- Social and emotional
- Practical and physical

## Attitudes and values for 2030

- Principles and beliefs that influence one's choices, judgements, behaviours and actions on the path towards individual, societal and environmental well-being

## Anticipation-Action-Reflection competency development cycle

- Iterative learning process whereby learners continuously improve their thinking and act intentionally and responsibly



# OECD Future of Education and Skills 2030 Phase II

## • Concept-making

- “learning for 2030” to “teaching for 2030”
- Exploration of the types of teacher competencies and teacher profiles that can help all students realise their potential

## • Curriculum analysis

- “curriculum redesign” to “curriculum implementation”
- Focus on:
  - curriculum change as part of a larger system of change management
  - aligning curriculum changes with changes in pedagogies and assessments
  - aligning curriculum changes with changes in initial teacher education and professional development (including school leaders)



# Skills Demand of the Future

## Future Work Skills 2020

While all six drivers are important in shaping the landscape in which each skill emerges, the color-coding and placement here indicate which drivers have particular relevance to the development of each of the skills.

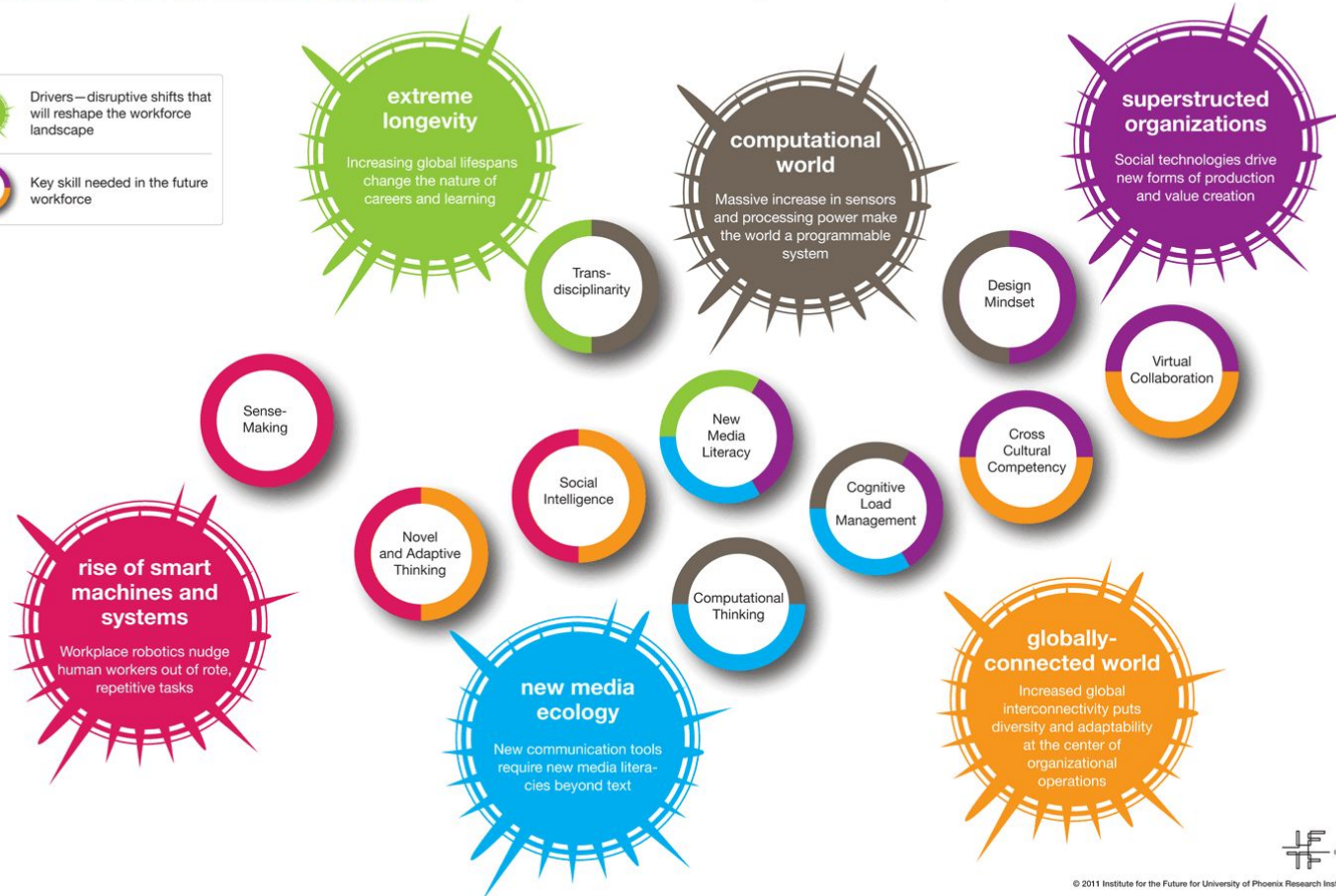
### KEY



Drivers—disruptive shifts that will reshape the workforce landscape



Key skill needed in the future workforce



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PRESENTATION



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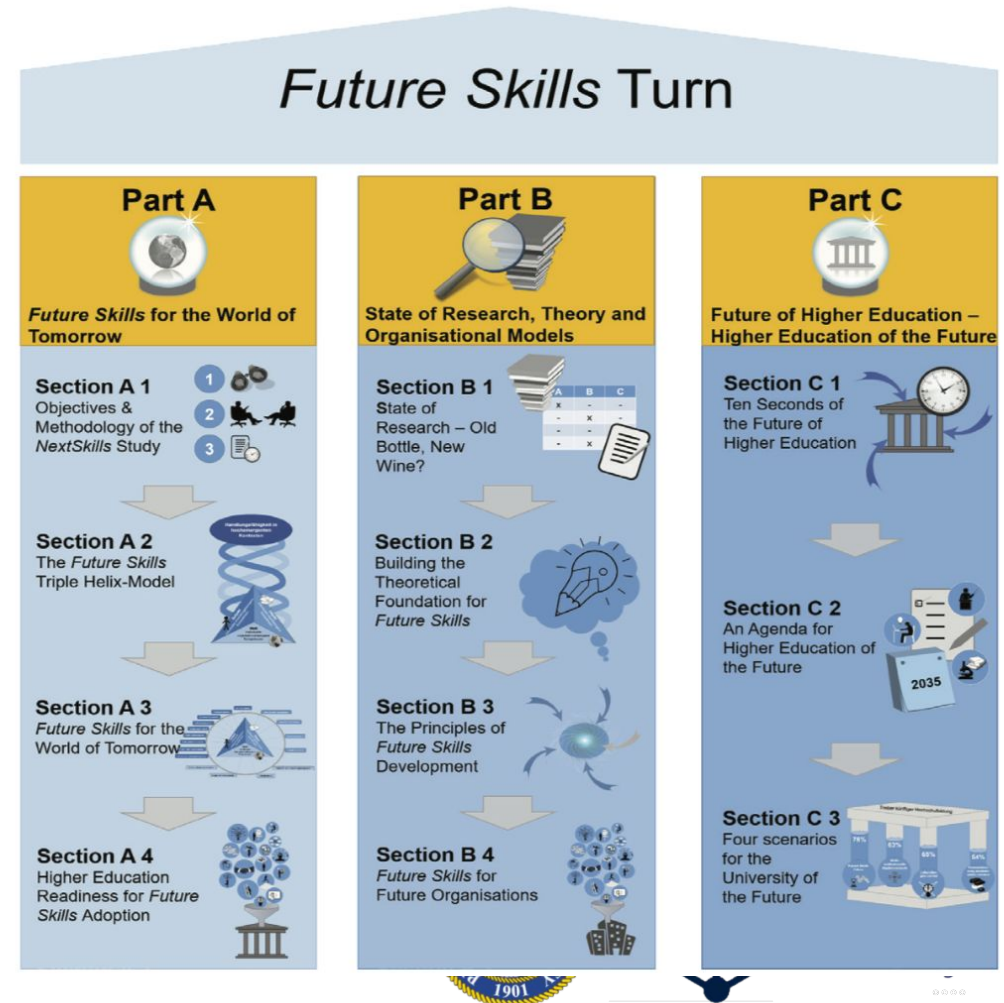
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© 2011

# Skills Demand of the Future

Ehlers, U.D. (2020). Future skills - the future of learning and higher education. Springer (open-access). Karlsruhe, Germany.



# Future Skills Profile

## Future Skills Profiles



Learning literacy



Self-efficacy



Self-determination



Self-competence



Reflective competence



Decision competence



Initiative and performance competence



Ambiguity competence



Ethical competence



Design-thinking competence



Innovation competence



Systems competence



Digital literacy



Sensemaking



Future and design competence



Cooperation competence



Communication competence





# Future Skills

## Subject-Related Skills

- Analytical and Critical Thinking
- Creativity and Learning Skills
- Action and Initiative
- Health Literacy
- Flexibility
- Reflective competence

## Object-Related Skills

- Digital and Data Literacy
- STEM-skills, complex problem solving
- Financial Literacy

## Organization-Related Skills

- Communication Competence
- Cooperation Competence
- Future and Design Competence
- Sense-making



# Skills Inventory

Consolidated Skill Inventory	Nr. of matches	The OECD Future Skill Framework	PISA Key Competence Framework	European Commission Future Learning Model	OECD Key Competencies	OECD Global Competencies	WEF 21st Century Skills	P21 Partnership for 21st century learning	Tuning Transversal Skill Model	AEGEE Transversal Skills and Competencies Policy Paper	21st century stem model	National Research Council Model: Skills for Work and Life	21st skills envision experiences	Harvard Global Citizenship education	Graduate Employability 2.0	Social and Emotional Learning Methodology	The future of Skills. Employment in 2030	Future Skills Model NextSkills	
<b>Object related skills</b>																			
Digital & Data Literacy	9	1			1	1	1	1				1	1				1		1
STEM skills, complex problem solving	7				1		1	1			1	1	1					1	
Financial Literacy	5					1	1	1		1							1		



# Projecting Higher Education of the Future

Dimension	Current higher education model	Future higher education model (postmodern)
Degrees	<p>The aim is to achieve a clearly defined comprehensive study degree, with the degree designations being awarded by the higher education institution on a statutory, sovereign basis.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The program consists of small study units, which can also come from different (higher education) institutions.</li> <li>• There will be more short courses, certification courses, refresher courses.</li> <li>• This results in patchwork studies that can then be combined into larger final degrees or certificates, such as a final degree, and certified by a higher education institution.</li> </ul>
Certification	<p>Teaching/ transfer (tutoring, courses), examinations and certification are linked within the framework of an institution.</p>	<p>Teaching/ transfer (tutoring, courses), examinations and certification (final examination) are decoupled and can be offered by various institutions.</p>



# Projecting Higher Education of the Future

Dimension	Current higher education model	Future higher education model (postmodern)
Science and research structure or institution structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Higher education institutions are structured in disciplinary units, the faculties; they are decisive in terms of content and structure of studies.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Higher education institutions are strongly organized by interdisciplinary and transdisciplinary cooperation forms.</li> <li>Studies are strongly organized on the basis of comprehensive issues as well as interdisciplinary and transdisciplinary work units.</li> </ul>
Learning Model	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Learning principally follows the idea of a knowledge divide which needs to be compensated for.</li> <li>Teaching is expert-oriented. Teachers organize knowledge transfer.</li> </ul>	<p>Learning follows the idea of students and teachers forming a learning community (renaissance of the <i>Universitas</i> ideal)</p>



# Other Model of Future Skills



# Methodology

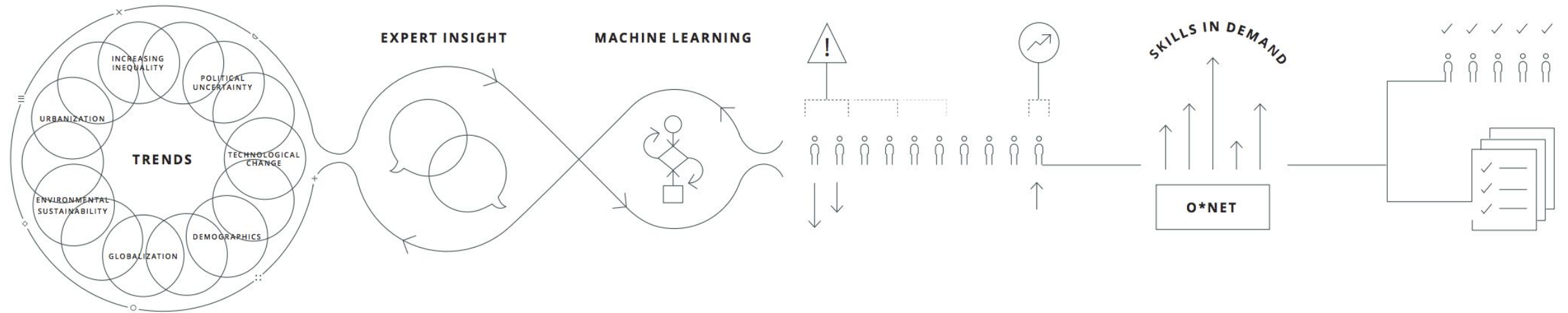
## TREND ANALYSIS

## FORESIGHT WORKSHOPS

## PREDICTING JOBS DEMAND IN THE FUTURE

## PREDICTING SKILLS OF THE FUTURE

## TRANSLATING FOR ACTION



# Top 10 Jobs with increased Demand by 2030



UK

- 1 Food Preparation and Hospitality Trades
- 2 Teaching and Educational Professionals
- 3 Sports and Fitness Occupations
- 4 Natural and Social Science Professionals
- 5 Managers and Proprietors in Hospitality and Leisure Services
- 6 Health and Social Services Managers and Directors
- 7 Artistic, Literary and Media Occupations
- 8 Public Services and Other Associate Professionals
- 9 Other Elementary Services Occupations
- 10 Therapy Professionals



USA

- 1 Preschool, Primary, Secondary, And Special Education School Teachers
- 2 Animal Care And Service Workers
- 3 Lawyers, Judges, And Related Workers
- 4 Postsecondary Teachers
- 5 Engineers
- 6 Personal Appearance Workers
- 7 Social Scientists And Related Workers
- 8 Counselors, Social Workers, And Other Community And Social Service Specialists
- 9 Librarians, Curators, And Archivists
- 10 Entertainers And Performers, Sports And Related Workers





# Top 10 KSA by 2030



UK

- 1 Judgment and Decision Making
- 2 Fluency of Ideas
- 3 Active Learning
- 4 Learning Strategies
- 5 Originality
- 6 Systems Evaluation
- 7 Deductive Reasoning
- 8 Complex Problem Solving
- 9 Systems Analysis
- 10 Monitoring



USA

- 1 Learning Strategies
- 2 Psychology
- 3 Instructing
- 4 Social Perceptiveness
- 5 Sociology and Anthropology
- 6 Education and Training
- 7 Coordination
- 8 Originality
- 9 Fluency of Ideas
- 10 Active Learning



# National Perspectives

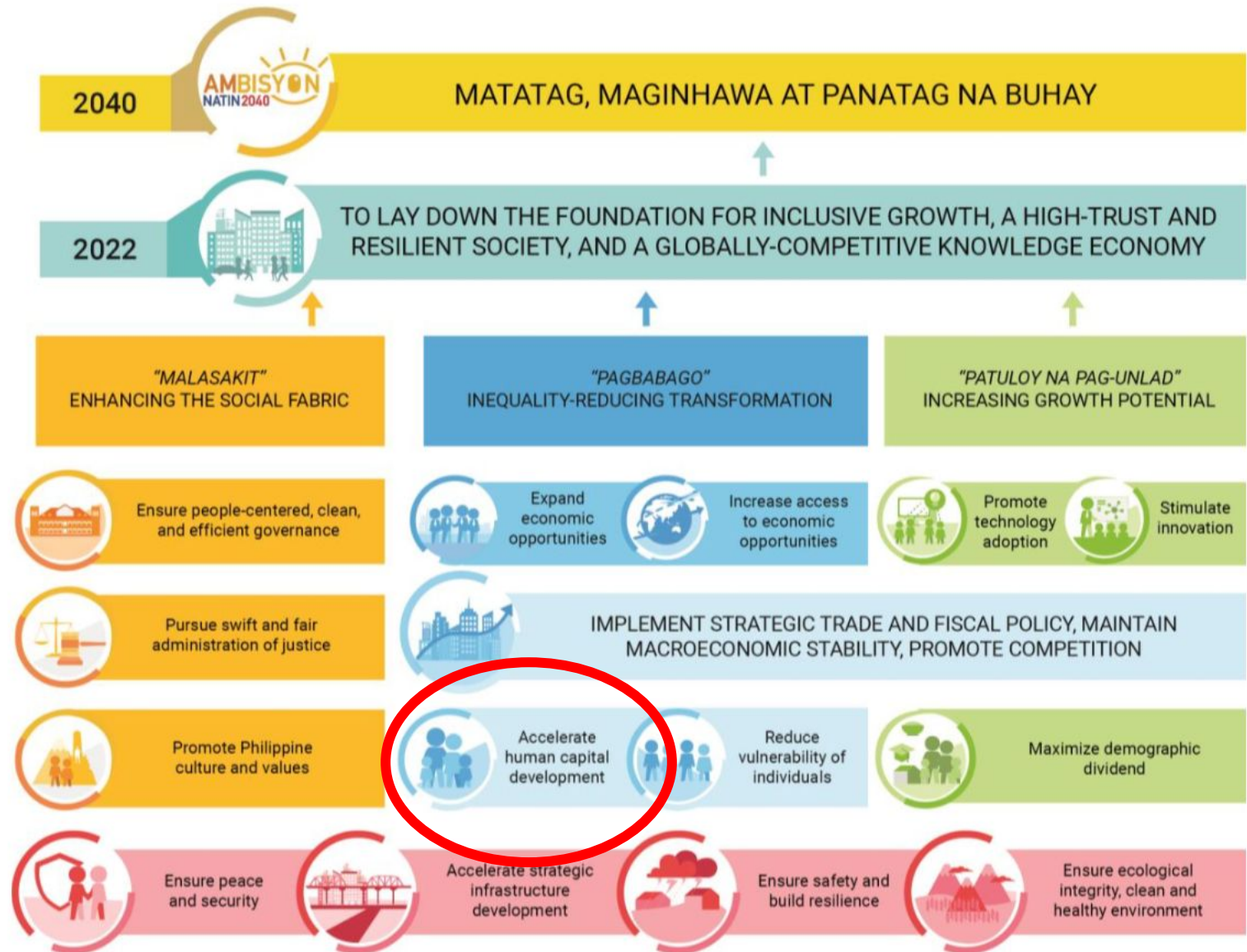
Ambisyon  
Natin 2040

PDP  
2017-2022

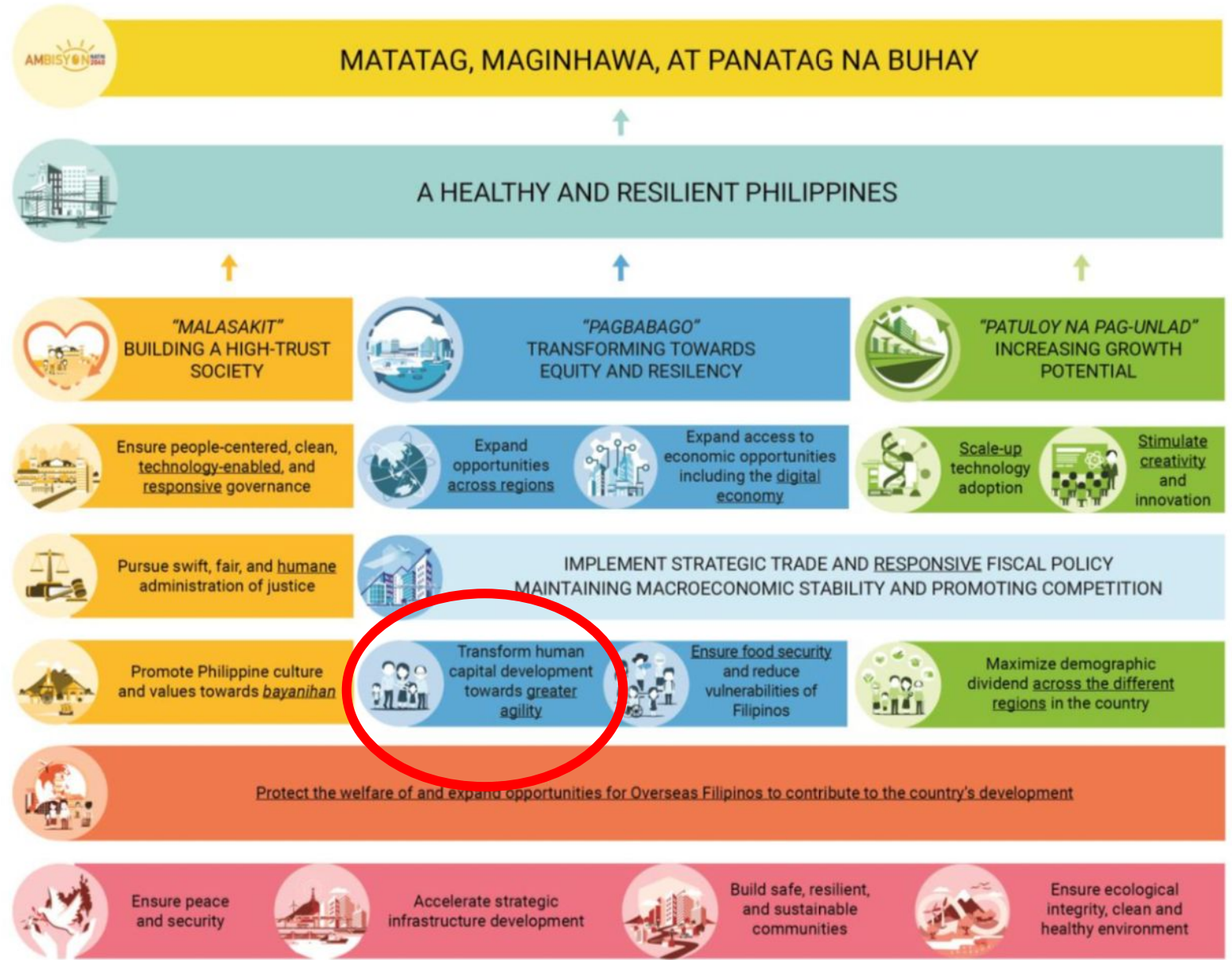
Pagtanaw  
2050



# Ambisyon 2040



# Ambisyon 2040



# Pagtanaw 2050

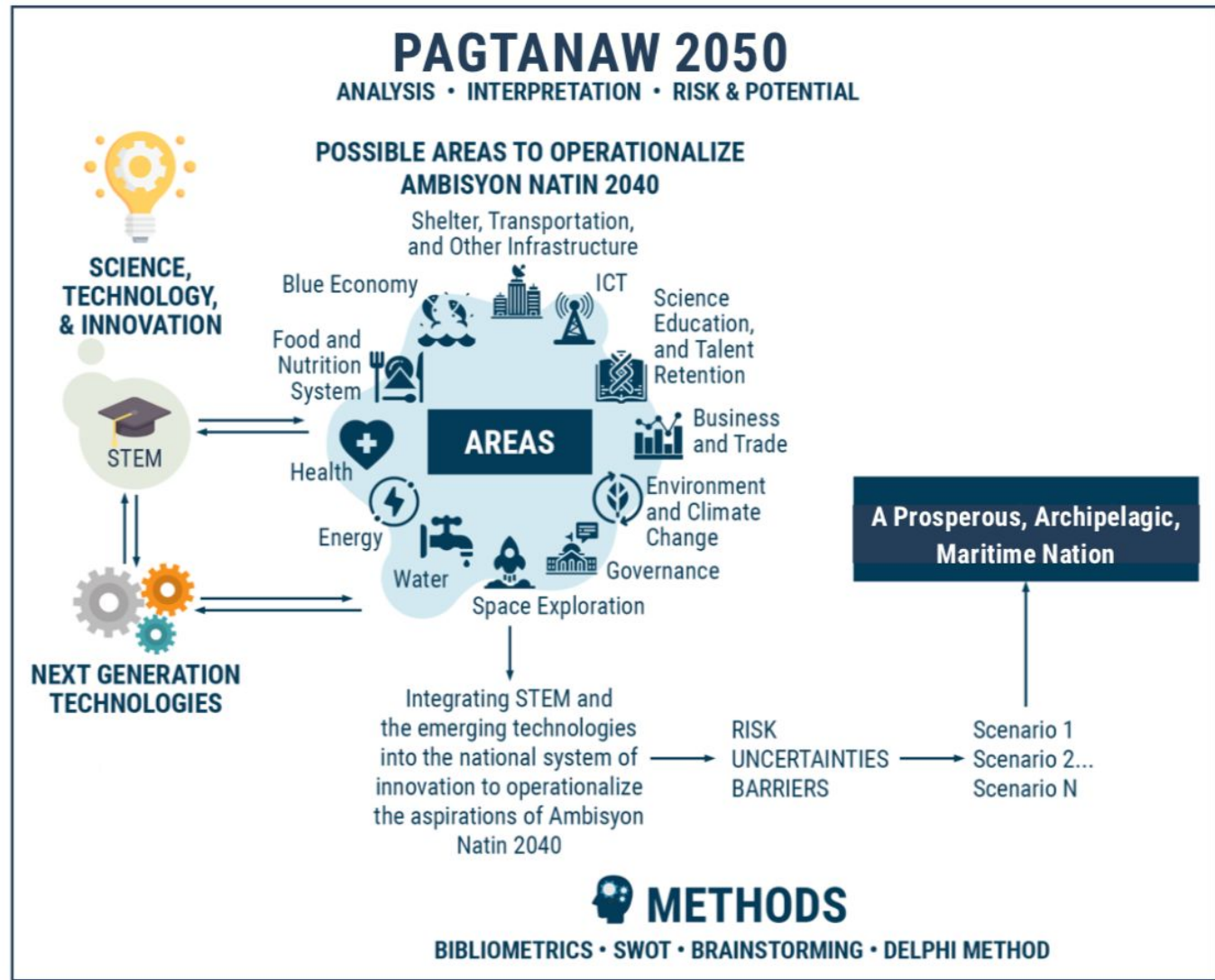


Figure 1.1\_2. Inputs and Outputs of the NAST PHL STI Foresight Framework: PAGTANAW 2050

# Roadmap of STI

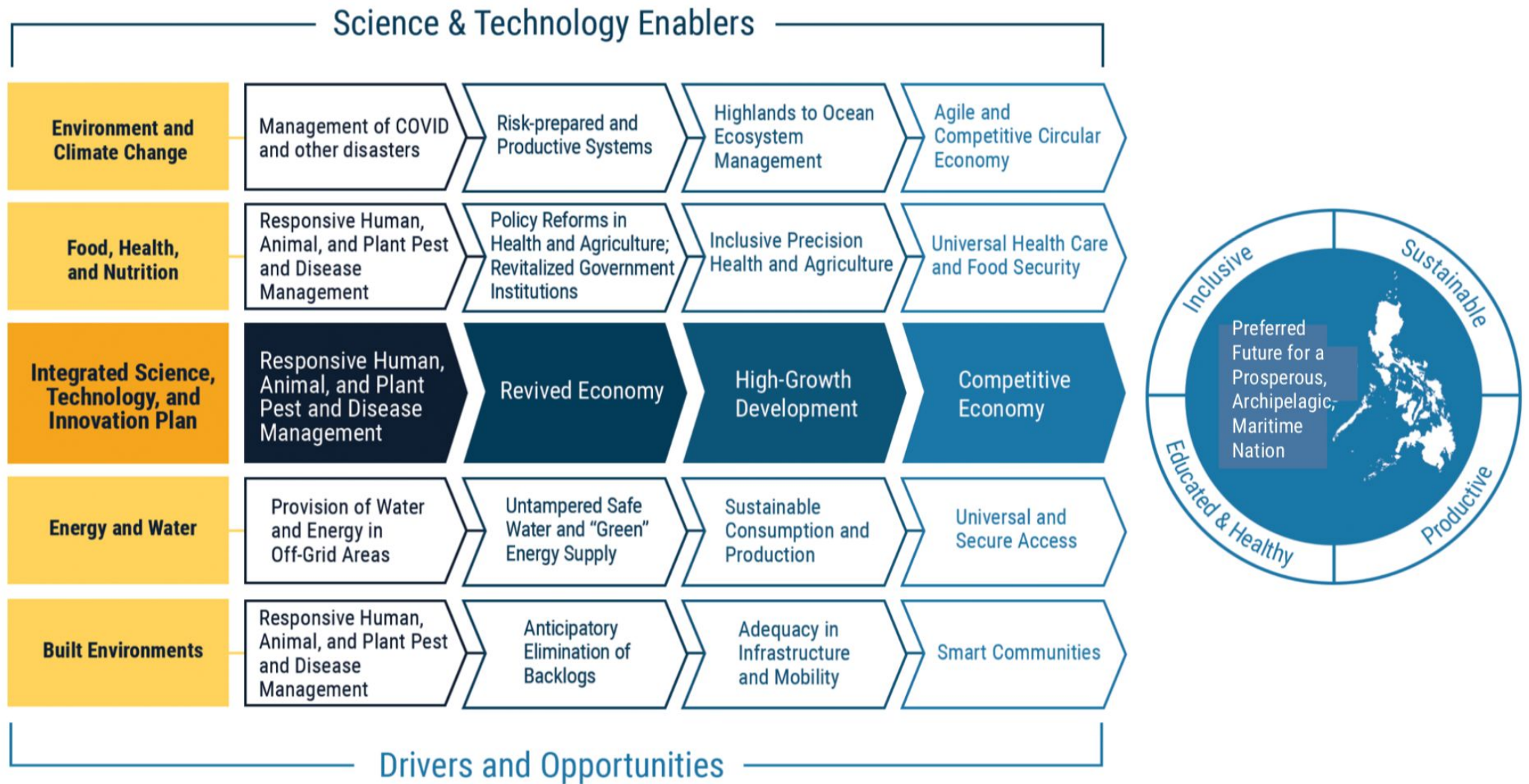


Figure 6.2\_1. Integrated STI Roadmap

# Drivers and Enablers

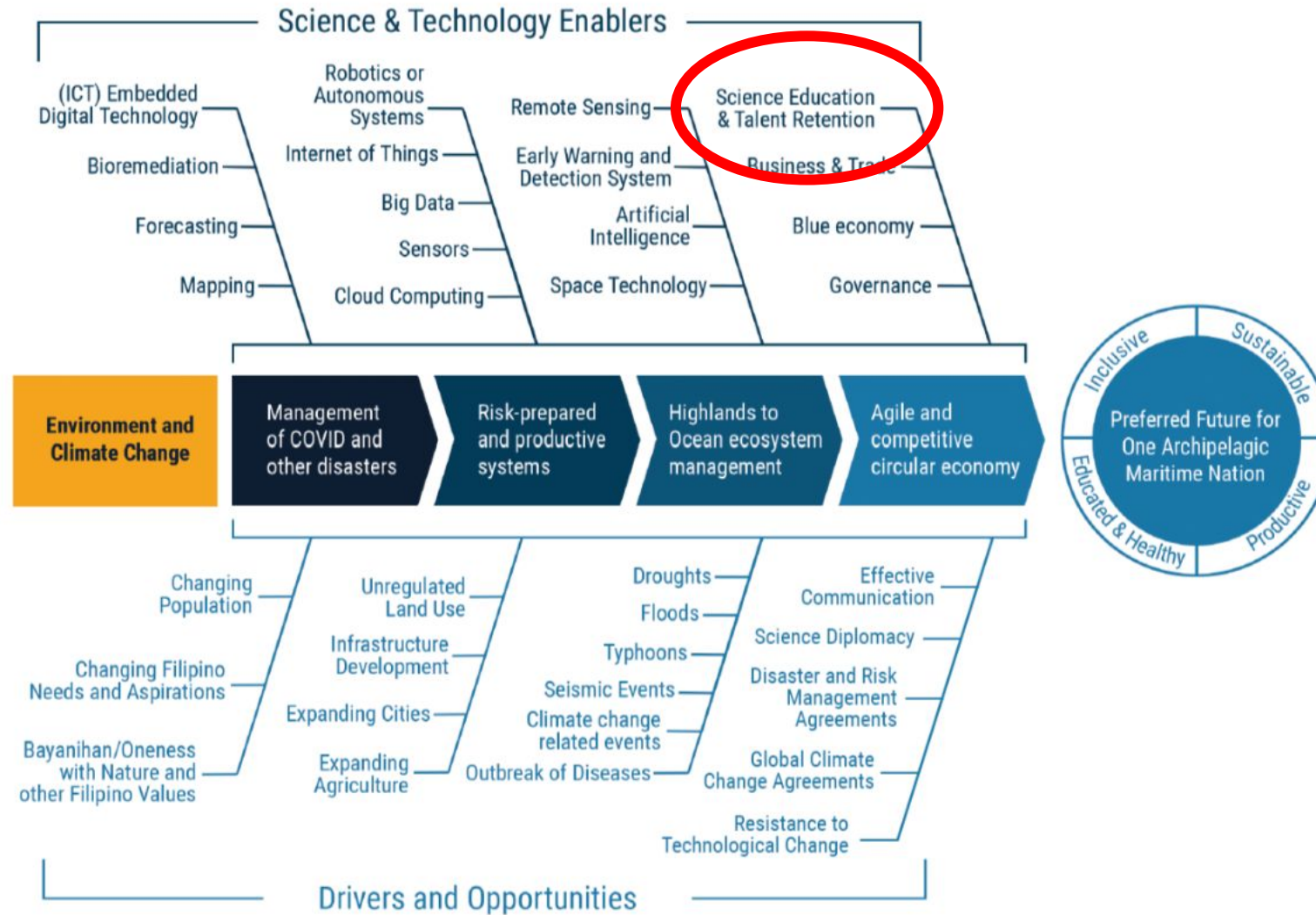


Figure 6.2\_2. Environment, Climate Change, and Space Exploration Cluster Map

# P2050: Science Education and Talent Retention

- Coding and computer programming skills should be considered in the Philippine basic education sector
- A systematic review of the curriculum should be in place as well as the recruitment of highly qualified instructors in STEM
- Poor qualifications of STEM teachers have been identified as a problem that must be addressed with urgency
- Compensate for the loss of good STEM teachers who have gone abroad
- Revise our qualification standards and adopt a more supportive working environment
- **Quality of instruction and materials in both the private and public science high schools**

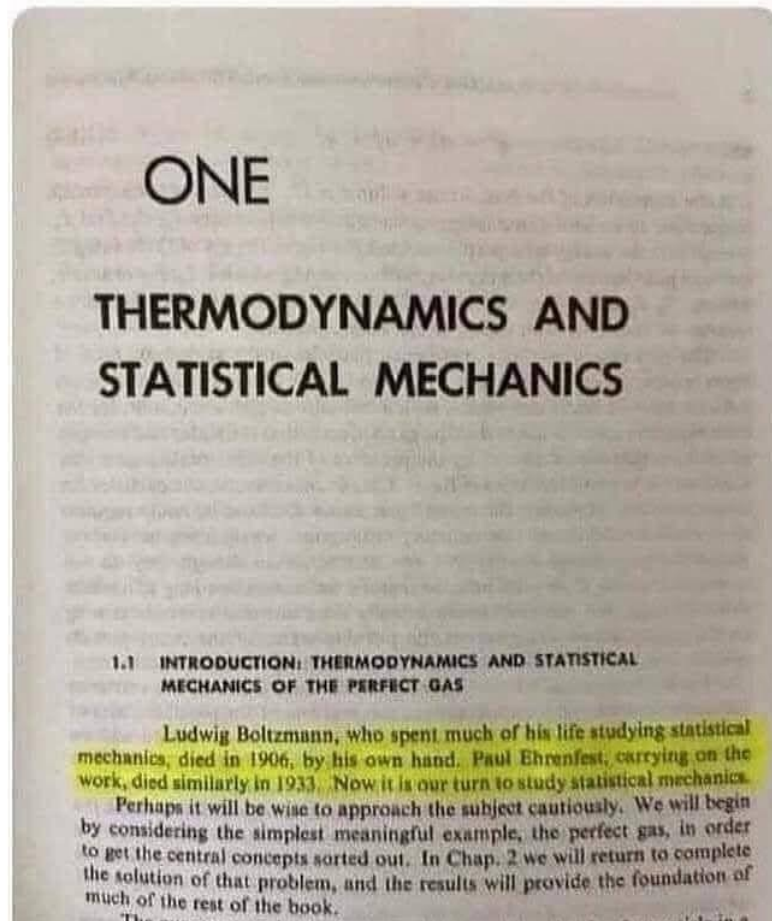
*(Bevins & Price, 2015)*





# P2050: Science Education and Talent Retention

One of the best openings in a book



Quality of instruction and materials in both the private and public science high schools



# Anu nga ba ang Science Education?



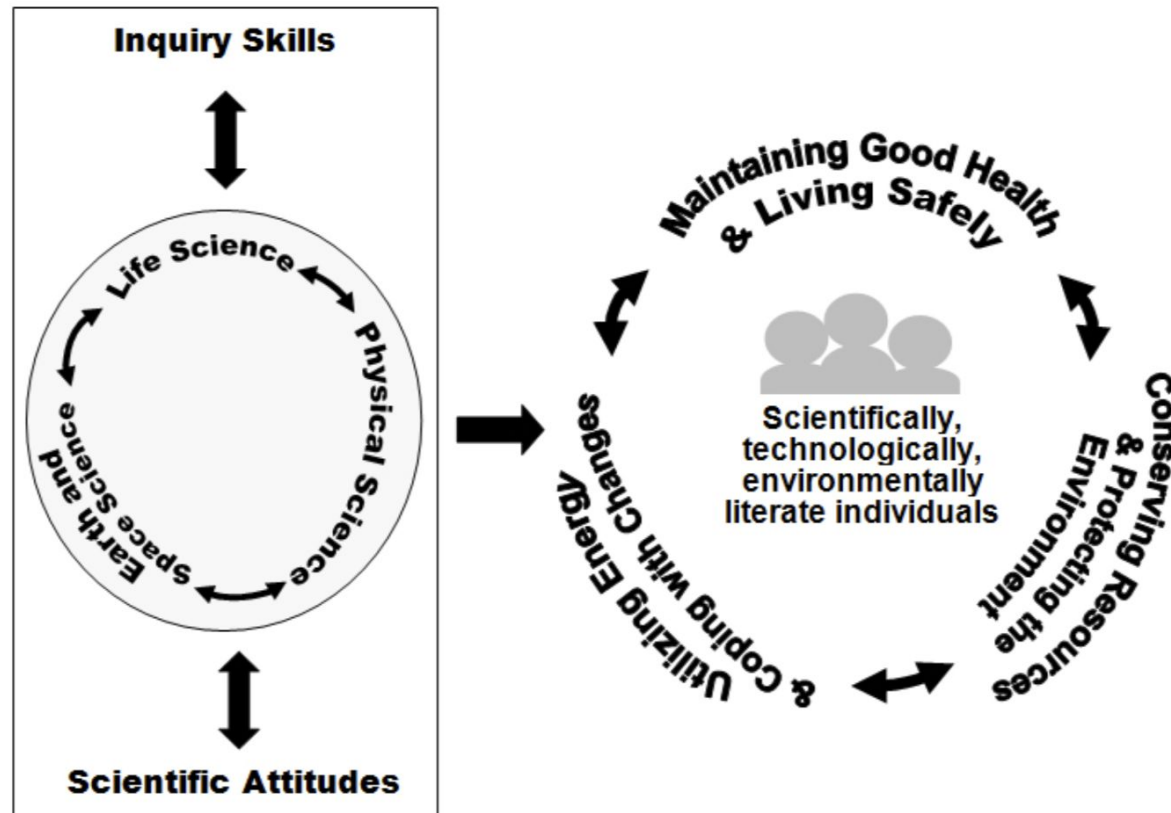
# Science Education

- School science education should support the development of scientific literacy in all students as well as motivate them to pursue careers in science, technology, and engineering (SEI-DOST & UP NISMED, 2011)
- **Vision:**
  - The Philippines' Grades 1-10 Science Curriculum envisions the development of scientifically, technologically, and environmentally literate and productive members of society.
  - They must possess effective communication and inter personal and life long learning skills as well as scientific values and attitudes
  - A curriculum that focuses on knowledge relevant to real world and encompasses methods of inquiry.
  - A curriculum that will be implemented in a learning environment that promotes the construction of ideas and instills respect for others.

*(SEI-DOST & UP NISMED, 2011)*



# Science Education Framework



(SEI-DOST & UP NISMED, 2011)



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# Science Education Framework

## Curriculum Components

*(inquiry skills, scientific attitudes, and content and connections)*

## Focus Questions

## Science Ideas

## Sample Learner's Performance

*(SEI-DOST & UP NISMED, 2011)*



# K-12 Science Curriculum

Constructs	Science Ed Framework	K-12 Science Curriculum
Vision/Outcome	Development of scientifically, technologically, and environmentally literate and productive members of society.	
Curriculum Content	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Inquiry skills</li> <li>2. Scientific attitudes</li> <li>3. Content and connections</li> </ol>	<p>Three domains of learning science:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Understanding and applying scientific knowledge in local setting</b> as well as global context whenever possible</li> <li>2. performing scientific processes and skills,</li> <li>3. developing and demonstrating scientific attitudes and values.</li> </ol>
Other inclusions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Science Ideas</li> <li>2. Focus Questions</li> <li>3. Sample Learner's Performance</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Teaching Approaches</li> <li>2. Educational Pedagogies</li> <li>3. Science Content and Processes</li> <li>4. Content Areas: Life Sciences, Physics, Chemistry, and Earth Sciences</li> </ol>

(SEI-DOST & UP NISMED, 2011; K-12 Science Curriculum Guide, 2012)



# K-12 Science Curriculum



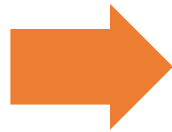
The Conceptual Framework of Science Education

(K-12 Science Curriculum Guide, 2012)

# Achieving Global Goals

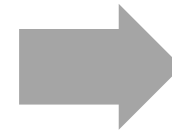
PISA, GII, UNESCO  
2030, Future Skills

- Careers in Science
- Scientific Literacy



IR4, E4.0, Society 5.0,  
Ambisyon 2040,  
Pagtanaw 2050

- Human Capital
- Skilled Workforce



VUCADD

- Clarity
- Information
- Agility
- Uniqueness





# Anu naman ang aming AMBAG?



Ano ambag ko?



**Educating Science Teachers for All**  
Philippine Normal University  
*The National Center for Teacher Education*



# Project Details

- **Project Coordinator:**

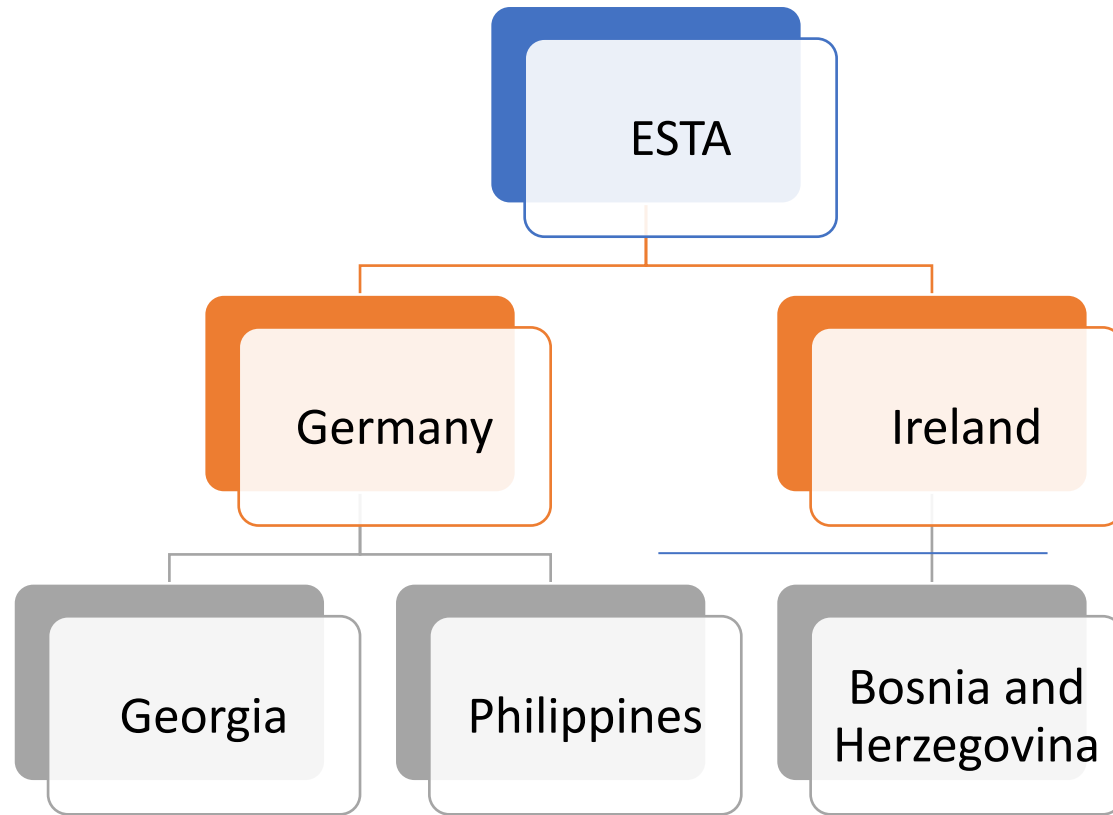
- Organization: PADAGOGISCHE HOCHSCHULE LUDWISBURG
- Address: REUTEALLEE 46, 71634 LUDWIGSBURG, BADEN-WURTTENBERG DE

- **Project Information**

- Identifier: 6097-19-EPP-1-2019-1-DE-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP
- Start Date: January 15, 2020
- End Date: January 14, 2024



# Project Organization





# ESTA

## Educating Science Teachers for All



Group by Educating Science Teachers for All

### Philippines ESTA Community

Public group · 114 members

- About
- Discussion**
- Announcements
- Topics
- People
- Events
- Media



# What is ESTA?

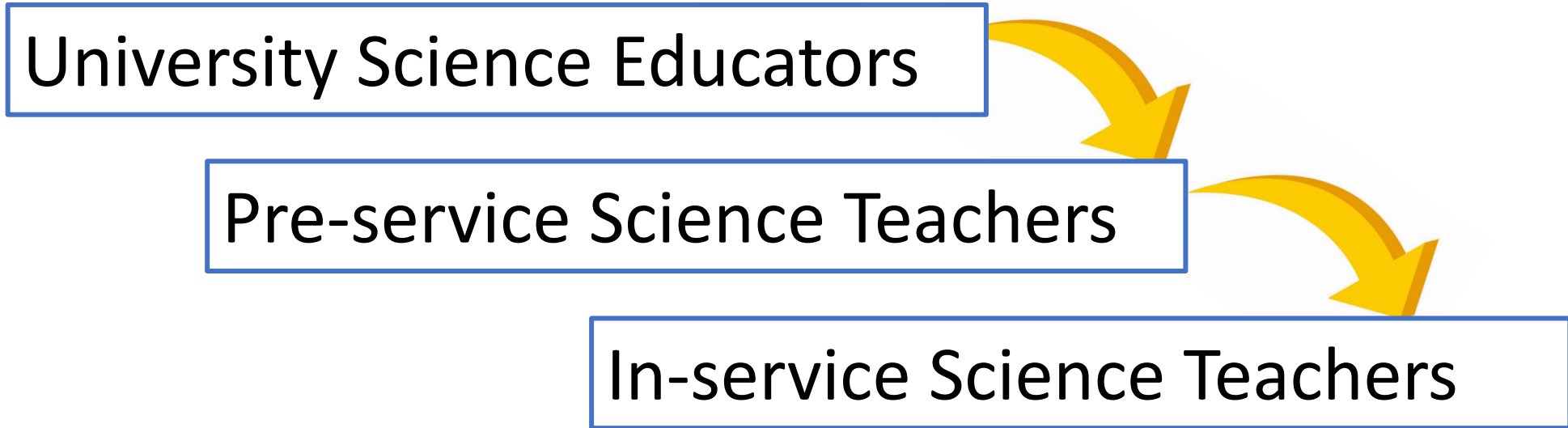
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## For PNU as NCTE

ESTA foresees science education enhancement by improving the level of teaching competencies in the partner universities.



# PNU as NCTE



**Inclusive and Higher-Quality PH Sci Ed**





**Dr. Marie Paz E. Morales**



**Dr. Zenaida Q. Reyes**



**Dr. Ruth A. Alido**



**Dr. Arlyne C. Marasigan**



**Dr. Brando C. Palomar**



**Prof. Ruel A. Avilla**



**Dr. Crist John M. Pastor**



**Dr. Leah Amor S. Cortez**



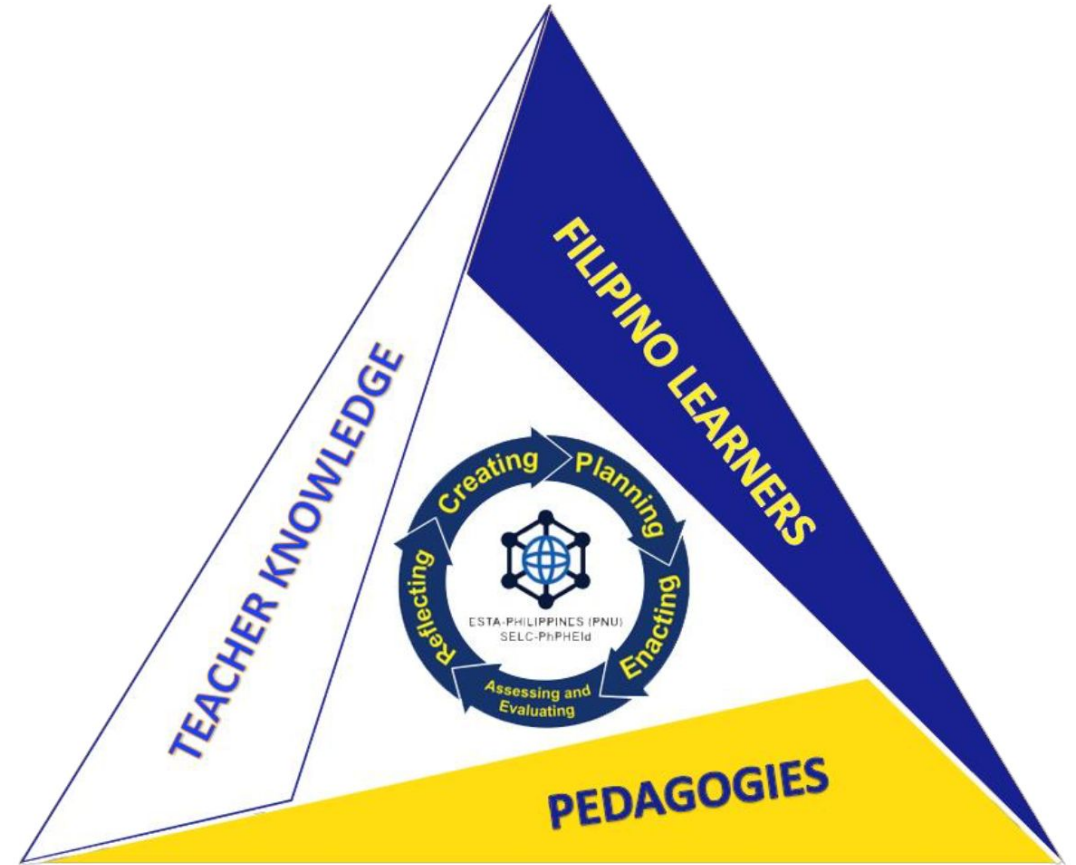
**Prof. Alfons Jayson O. Pelgone**





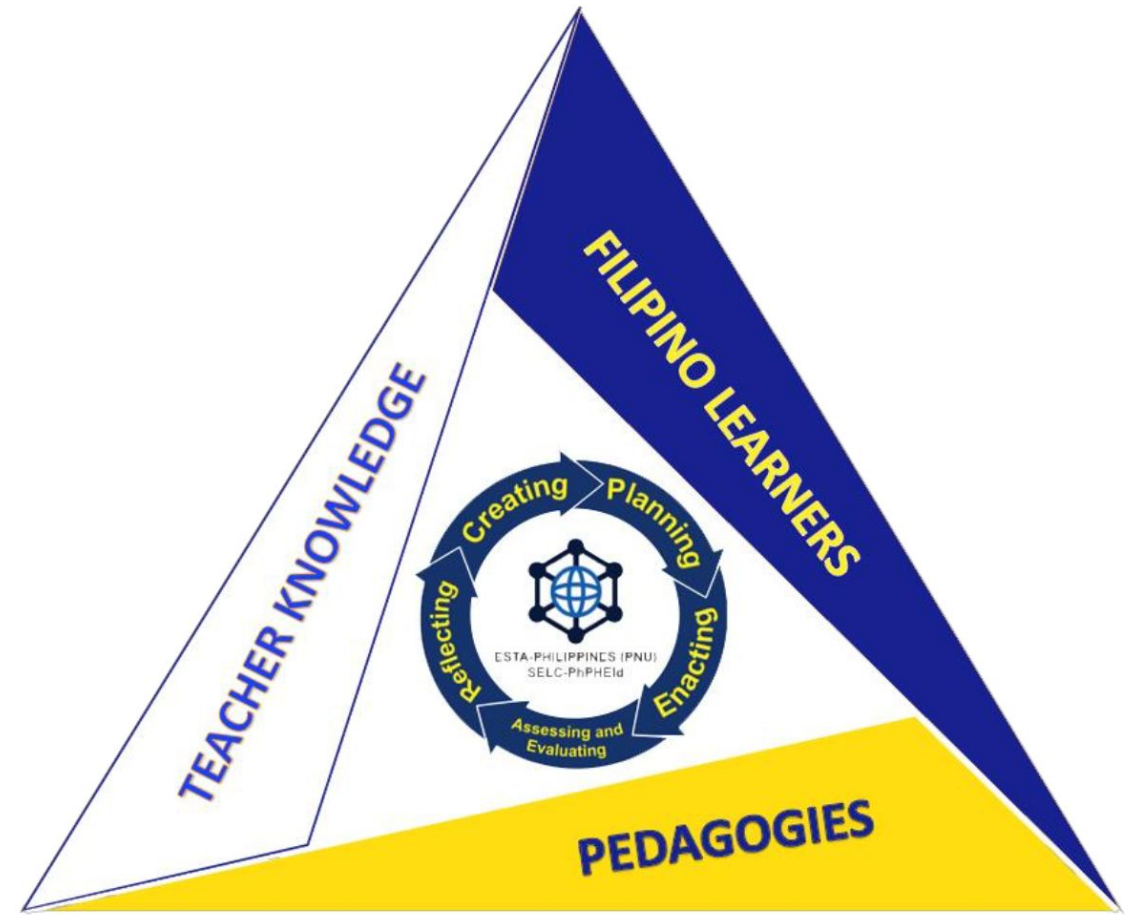
# The Framework

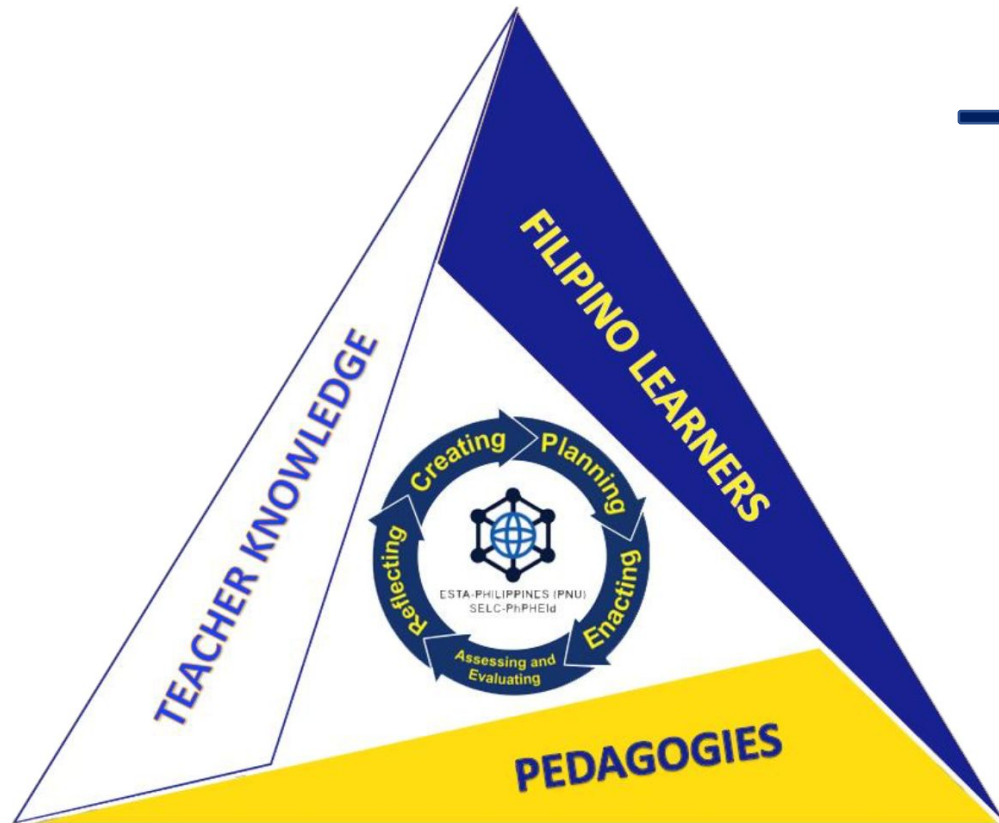
Science Education for Linguistic  
and Cultural Diversity in  
Philippine Public Higher  
Education (SELC- PhPHiEd)  
Framework



# The Framework

ESTA-PH-PNU argues that learning of Science concepts, principles and skill can be achieved through deep understanding of the learners, teacher's knowledge, and of responsive and relevant pedagogies.





# The Framework

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1. STEAM approach
2. CLIL's 4Cs
3. 7Es
4. Bagong Kadawyan



# The Framework

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Learner's experiences, culture, language, and the way they were socialized by their families and other social institutions are contributors to cognitive development which is central to learning

*(Bruner, 1966; Demmert, 2001; Demmert & Towner, 2003; Gardner, 1985, 1995; Vygotsky, 1978)*

FILIPINO LEARNERS



# The Framework

---

## The Context of the Filipino Learners' Language

- Bilingual Education policy
- The intellectualization of Filipino
- The role of Filipino for national identity and unity
- Teaching using English, Filipino and regional languages
- The MTB-MLE



FILIPINO LEARNERS

# The Framework

---

## Language

- BICS and CALP
- 2<sup>nd</sup> language learners

Cummins (2000) likewise points out that learning one language is beneficial for the learner to develop metalinguistic skills that are useful in learning additional languages

FILIPINO LEARNERS



# The Framework

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## Teacher Knowledge

- Reflective teaching
- Research
- Knowledge transformation



TEACHER KNOWLEDGE

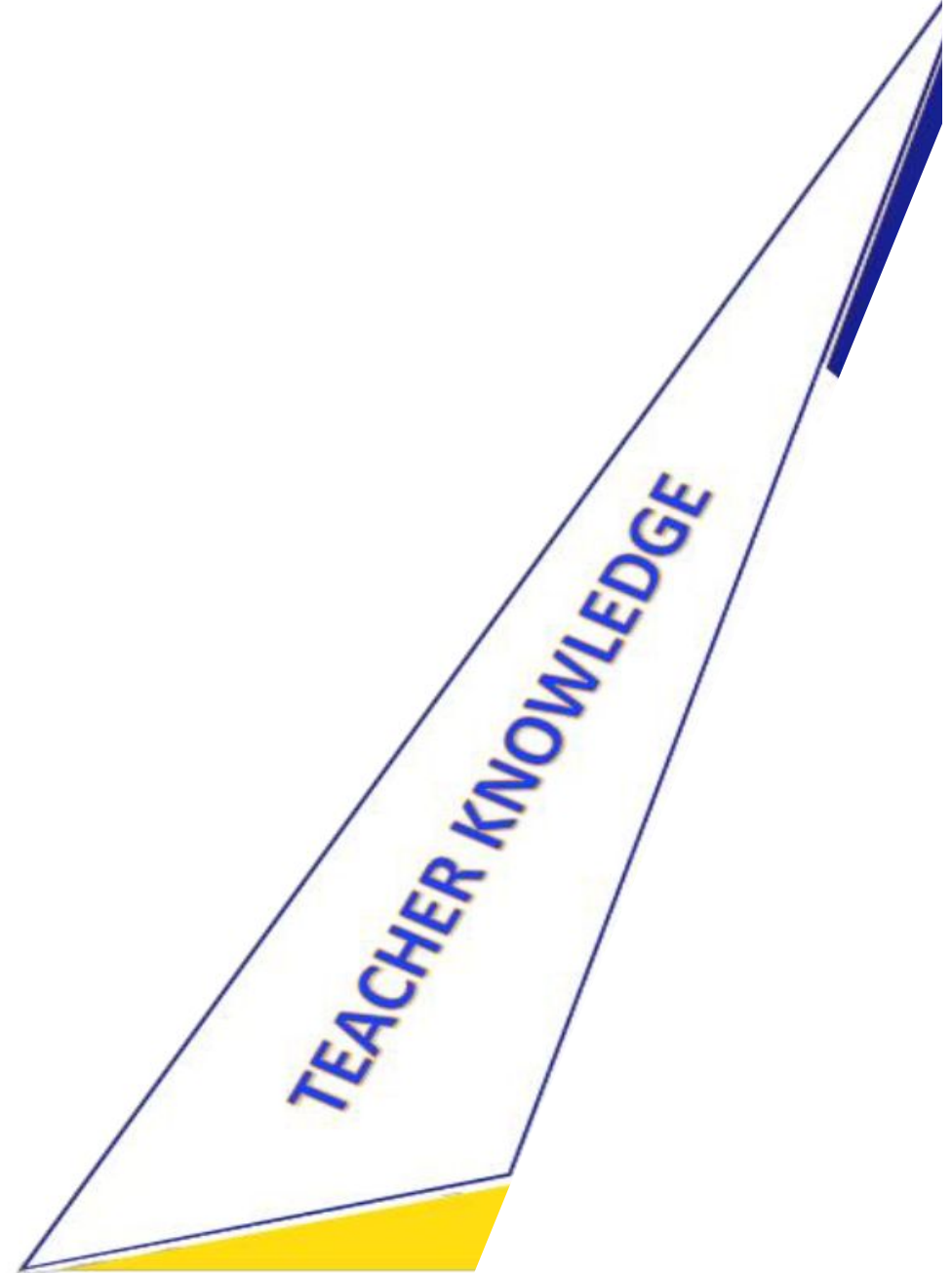
# The Framework

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## Teacher Knowledge

- Reflective teaching
- Research
- Knowledge transformation

## +TL and Assessment

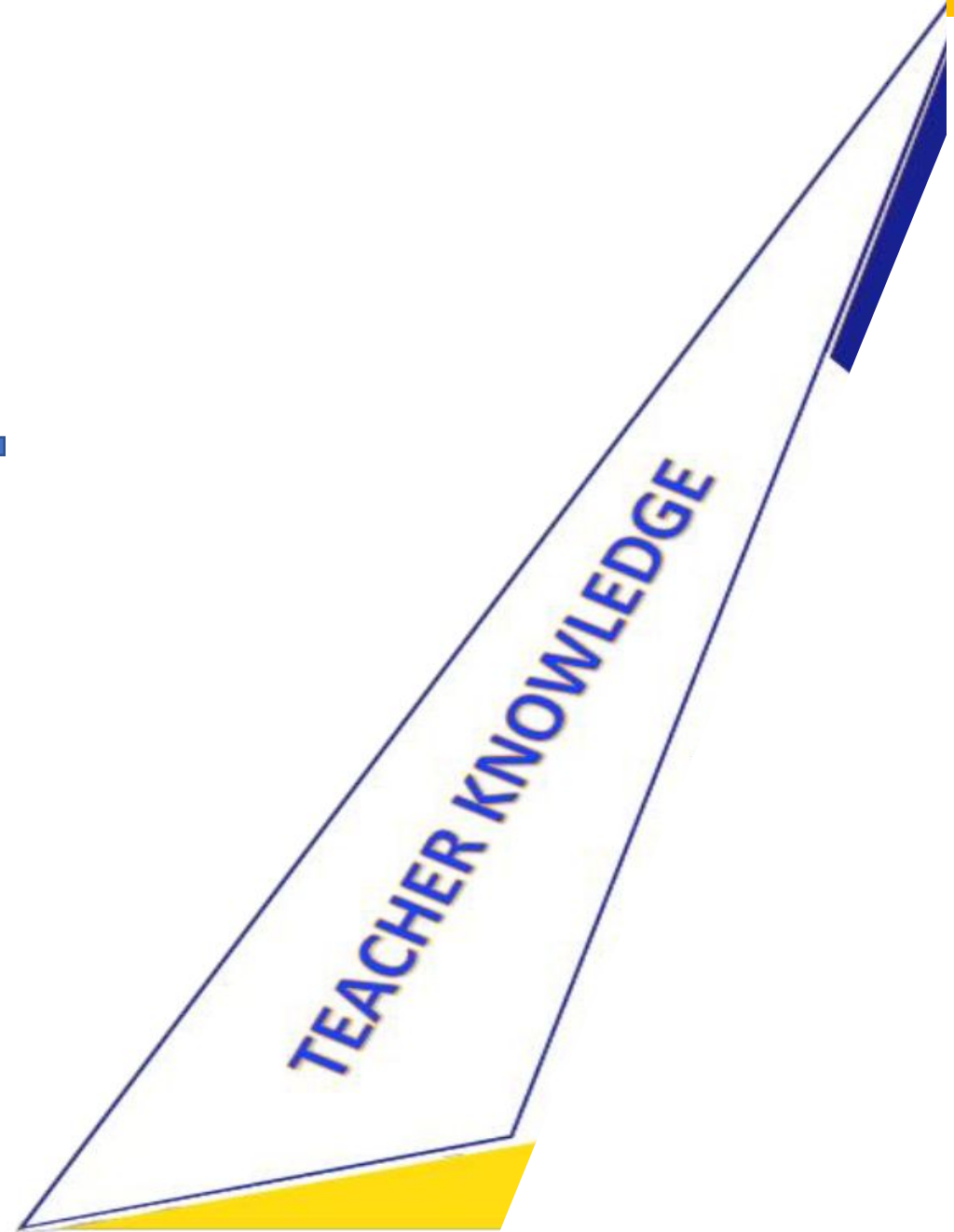




**Teacher Knowledge  
+TL and Assessment**

**Quality of student learning**

*(Schunk & Rice, 1991; Glassick, Huber, Maeroff & Boyer, 1997)*



# The Framework

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## **CK, PCK & TPCK**



**TEACHER KNOWLEDGE**

# The Framework

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## Principles

1. Constructivism
2. Social Constructivist Theory
3. Second Language Acquisition Theory
4. TPCK
5. Experiential Learning Theory

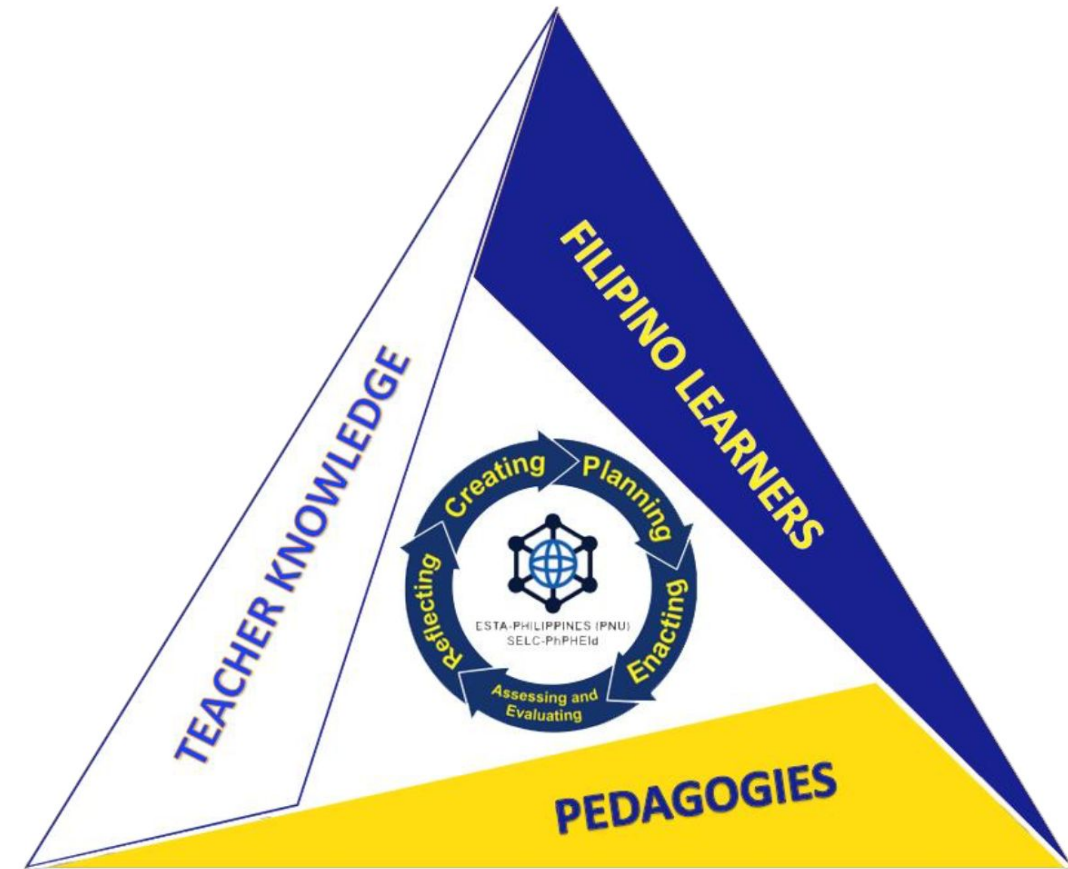
PEDAGOGIES

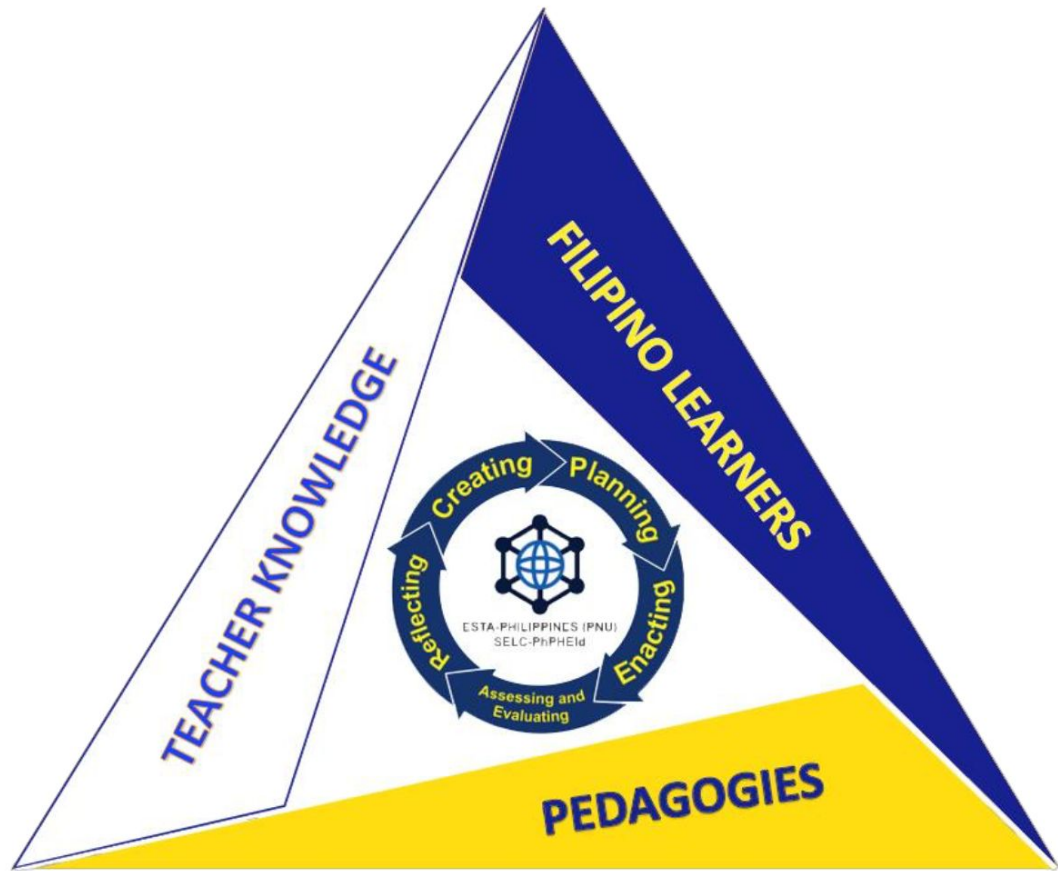


# The Framework

## Key Drivers

1. Culture and language diversity
2. ILSA results
3. Local and national evaluations
4. PPST
5. Geopolitics
6. Political economy





# Ways Forward

Curricular modifications,  
enhancements, enactment  
Teacher training  
Development of TL products  
(.g. LE, Modules and assessments)



# The Framework

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- Syllabi
- Flexible learning tool kits /course packs
- Lesson Exemplars
- Assessment Tools



# The Framework

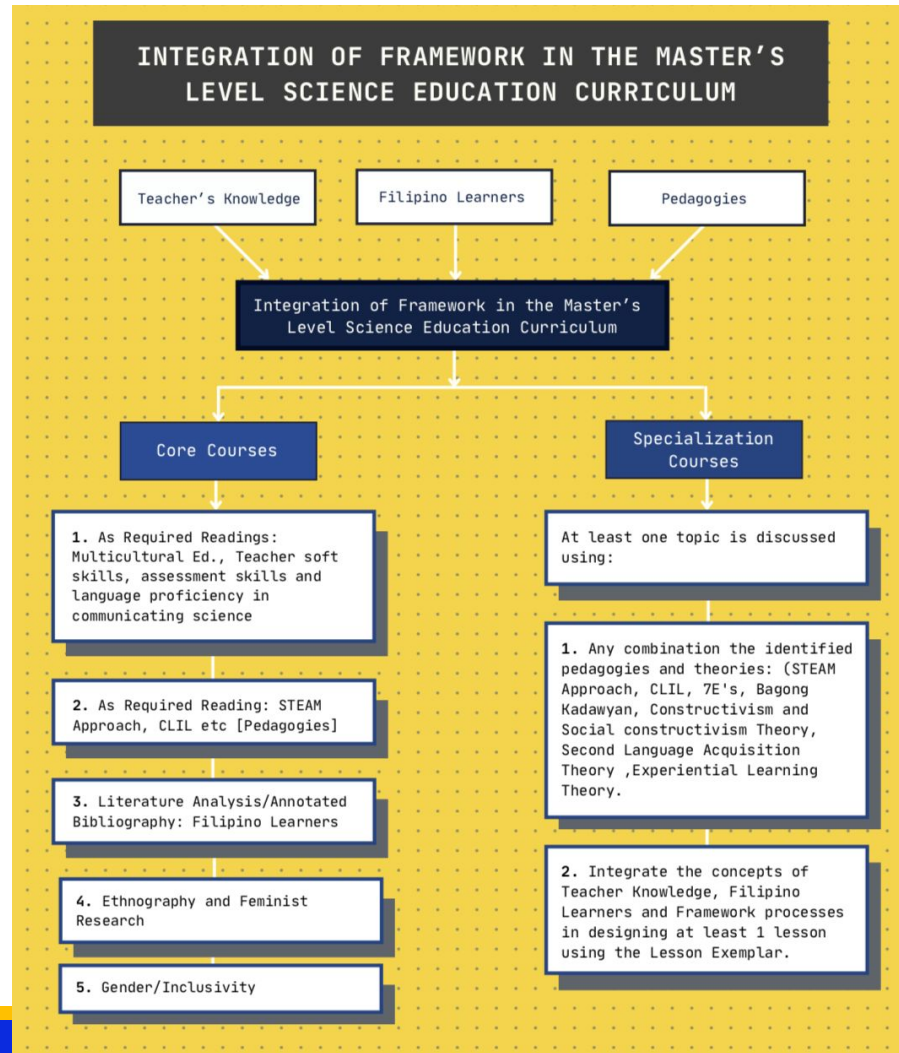
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## Integration of Framework in the Curriculum:

1. As Required Readings: Multicultural Ed., Teacher soft skills, assessment skills and language proficiency in communicating science
2. As Required Reading: STEAM Approach, CLIL etc [Pedagogies]
3. Literature Analysis/Annotated Bibliography: Filipino Learners
4. Ethnography and Feminist Research
5. Gender/Inclusivity



# The Integration Model

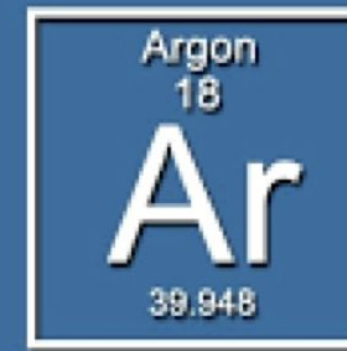




# Sino ako bilang Guro ng Agham?

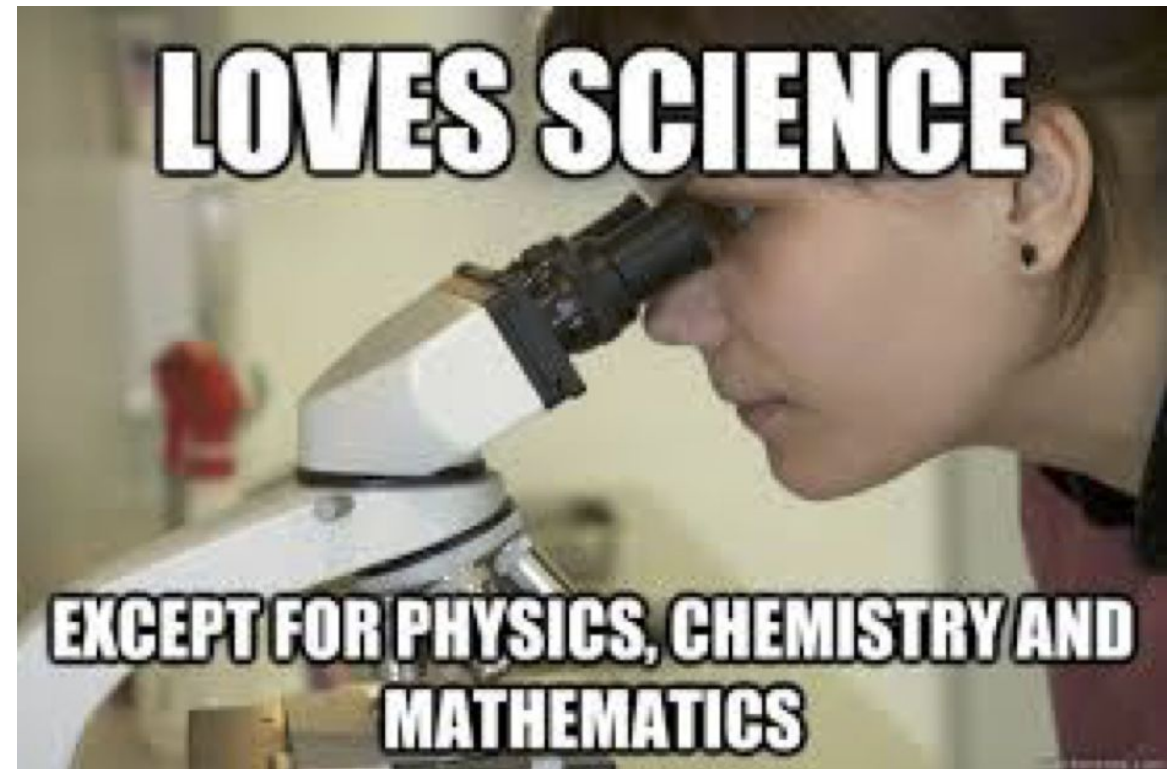
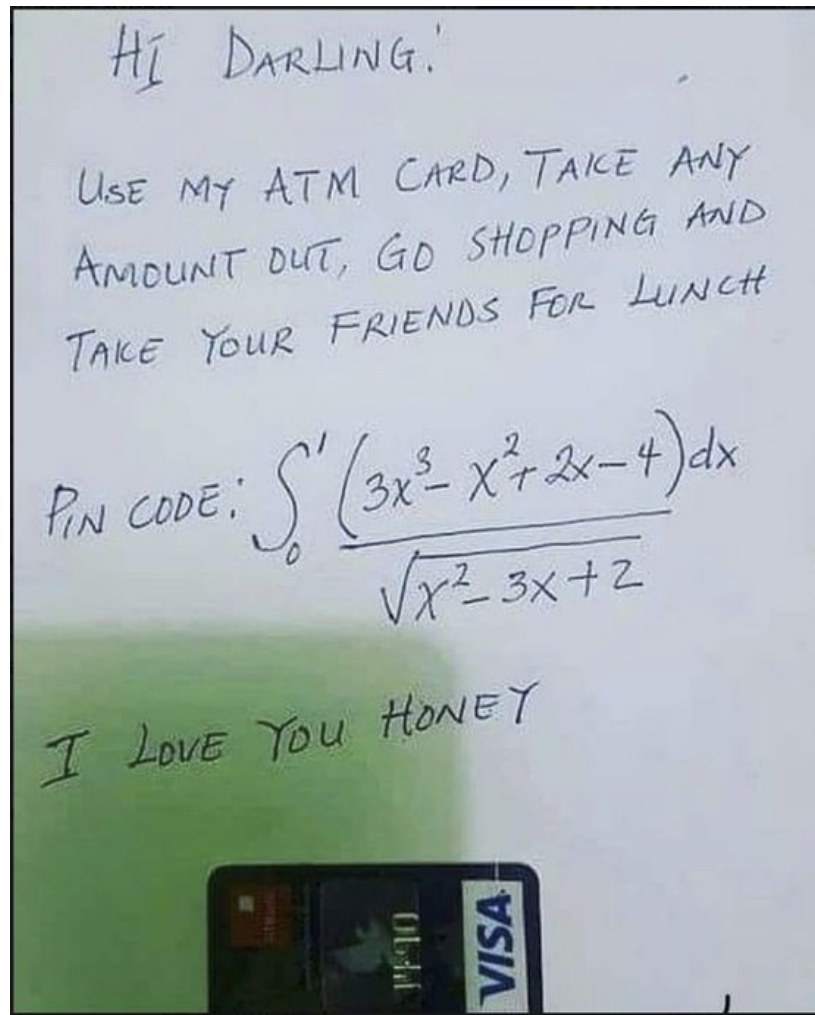


I MAKE BAD SCIENCE JOKES  
BECAUSE ALL THE GOOD ONES....



Erasmus+  
Enriching lives, opening minds.

# Sino ako bilang Guro ng Agham?



# Ikaw?

## Anu ang magiging AMBAG Mo sa ESTA?

slido

Join at  
**slido.com**  
**#8161816**



# Kaya anu na?



Erasmus+  
Enriching lives, opening minds.

TaRA (Training for Retooling and Advancement)-ESTA



Erasmus+  
Enriching lives, opening minds.



@weimankow



 Erasmus+  
Enriching lives, opening minds.

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