

# DEVELOPING THE LESSON EXEMPLARS

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### DESCRIPTION OF THE LESSON EXEMPLAR

The **Lesson Exemplar** is a compilation of Lesson Guides that can be utilized by STEAM Educators in teaching STEAM lessons in any STEAM discipline.

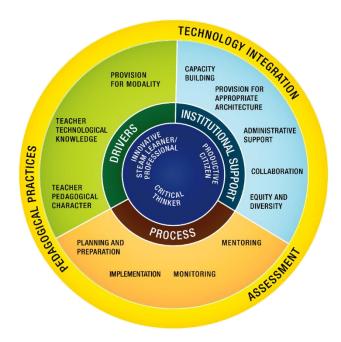
Inquiry-based investigations that provide STEAM teachers and Administrators with a way of teaching and assessing STEAM skills. They include performance tasks that can be tested in the classroom and used for assessment, instruction and professional development (Lumbag, 2017 May 21).





# INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN

Drawn from the PSE Models and TPACK Framework for Philippine STEAM Education Model.













## ORIGINAL LESSON EXEMPLAR TEMPLATE

### Your Name: Program: Subject/Course: Topic: Lesson Title: Level: Lesson Duration: Learning Outcome(s) (Content Standards and Performance Standards) Target Audience Knowing the Learner Based on your survey data from earlier in the course, describe the target audience for this lesson; what types of learning styles will you need to be mindful of? Pedagogies (Remembering to consider relevance and career/workforce readiness skills around what is being taught) Pedagogies (How are technology, content, and pedagogical knowledge working together in this lesson?) **Technology Being Used by Students** Technology Being Used by Teacher

TPACK LESSON PLAN TEMPLATE

Lesson Strategy and Required Materials				
Assessment for Learning				
Assessment Strategy	Feedback Strategy			
Assessment of Learning (How do you know students met the lear	ning objectives and targets?)			
2,				
Reflection				
Modifications/Enrichments (imbedded in this lesson or ideas for	r future lesson delivery based on insights in peer review)			



### THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK TPACK FRAMEWORK

Outcome Drivers TPACK Framework Pedagogical Practices: 1. Teacher models learning 1.a. Teacher shares his experiences 1.b. Teacher links practices 1.c. Teacher demonstrates critical and reflective thinking Teacher Pedagogical Character 1.d. Asks probing questions 1.e. Uses impromtu questions 1.f. Integrates recitation 1.g. Asks HDTS questions 2. Teacher's Beliefs 3. Teaching Economy Teacher Technological Knowledge Teaching and Learning Experience 1. Lesson Structure Teachers' understanding of the affordance of technology 1. Laboratory activity or simulation activity 2. Applicability to the topic Lesson objectives/topics Knowledge on the different tupes of technology 1. chalkboard 3. movie, documentary, youtubes, videos Emerging Dimensions/s 4. overhead projector 1. Productive discussions 2. Increase relevance of the subject Teaching objectives Teachers signature pedagogy for STEAM program Teacher Technological Knowledge 2. Content-Driven Visualization 1. Permutation and combination 2. Actual skills needed for IT 5. Teacher competence in the STEAM discipline Providing Modality Institutional Support 1. Decides the strategies, approaches, methods, etc. 2. Plots tasks against available time Capacity Building 3. Aligns pedagogical processes with objectives 4. Participates in institutional planning 1. Critical Thinking Provision for Appropriate Architecture 2. Performance in Licensure Examination Administrative Support 3. Employability Provision for Collaboration Ensuring Equity and Diversity

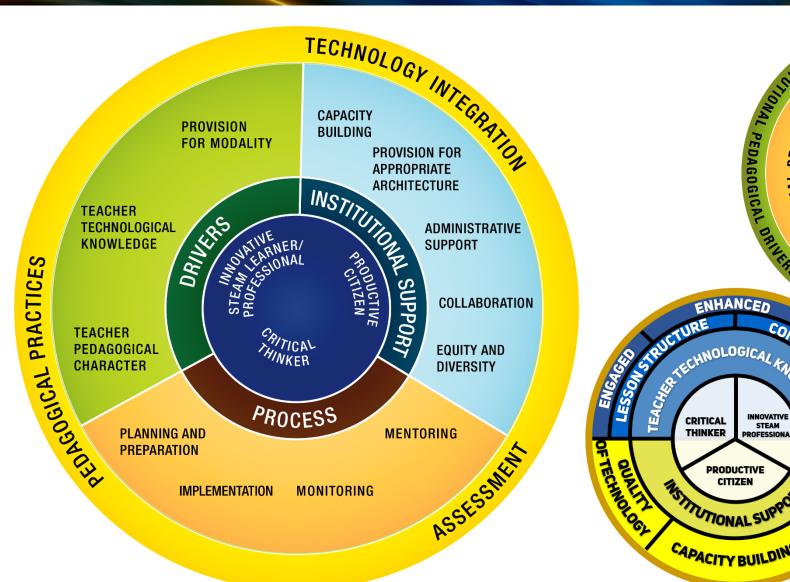
TPCK

TPK

PCK

TCK

## PHILIPPINE STEAM EDUCATION MODELS





# METHODS



# RESEARCH DESIGN

Design and Development Research





### PARTICIPANTS

### Sourced from two-tier sampling procedure

### TIER 1

10% of 2299 Philippine HEIs Complete enumeration basis) and convenience chosen school per cluster sampling of schools (26) within the cluster (region)

### TIER 2

(cluster sampling per region STEAM educator (113) in the





- 1. Lesson Exemplar Instructional Design and Template (revised)
- 2. Rubric for Lesson Exemplar
- 3. Peer Review Form





### ENHANCED TPACK LESSON PLAN TEMPLATE

Your Name:	I	Program:				
Subject/Course:						
Topic:						
Lesson Title:						
Level:		Lesson Duration:				
Learning Outcome(s)						
Learning Outcomes	Objectives	Tasks (What task/s should I give my students to ensure realization of the objectives?)				
Performance Standards (What should the students be able to do?)						
(What should the stadents be dote to do!)	1.a.					
1.	1.6					
2.	2.a					
	2.b					
Content Standards						
(What should the students know to be						
able to do?)	1.a.					
1.	1.b					
2.	2.a					
	2.b					
Target Audience						
Based on your survey data from earlier in t learning styles will you need to be mindful o		get audience for this lesson; what types o				
Year Level:	Ethnicity:					
Course/Discipline:	Language:					
General Attribute (characteristics of the class	ss):					

### Pedagogies (Remembering to consider relevance and career/workforce readiness skills around what is being taught)

- <u>1.</u> Walkthrough of the lesson (how will you deliver the lesson/topic (from engaging the student to ensuring achievement of learning objectives?)
- 2. How will the lesson delivery manifest efficient classroom management?
- 3. What student misconceptions did you consider in designing this lesson?
- 4. How will I integrate technology in the lesson delivery?

Summary: How are technology, content, and pedagogical knowledge working together in this lesson?

Technology Being Used by Students	Technology Being Used by Teacher
What technology will my students use in this lesson?	What technology will I use in this lesson?
What were your reasons for choosing the technology for the students to use?	What were my reasons for choosing the technology?
<ul> <li>What are the limitations and potential problems in utilizing the technology?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What are the limitations and potential problems in utilizing the technology?</li> </ul>
Assessment for Learning (Formative Assessment)	
I. Assessment Strategy	I. Feedback Strategy
2. Technology which will be integrated in the	2. Technology which will be integrated in the

Feedback System

### Assessment of Learning (Summative Assessment)

- 1. How do you know students met the learning objectives and targets?
- What technology will you use to facilitate assessment of learning?

### Reflection

Assessment

Modifications/Enrichments (imbedded in this lesson or ideas for future lesson delivery based on insights in peer review)

### RUIBRIC FOR LESSON EXEMPLAR

Your Name:	Program:
Subject/Course:	
Topic:	
Lesson Title:	
Level:	Lesson Duration:

	1- Below	2- Proficient	3- Above Proficient	Score/
	Proficient			Level
Connection among content, pedagogical approach and technology	There is no apparent connection among content, pedagogy and technology.	Content, instructional strategies and technology are somewhat connected.	Content, instructional strategies and technology are strongly connected AND the lesson plan includes a description of the connections.	
Rationale for Instructional strategy/ies	The rationale for selecting the instructional strategy/ies is insufficient OR there is no rationale for the instructional activities in the lesson plan.	The rationale for selecting the instructional strategy/ies used is sound.	The rationale for selecting the instructional strategy/ies is sound AND is tied to a learning theory.	
Appropriateness of technology for instructor use	The rationale for selecting the technology for instructor uses is insufficient OR there is no rationale for the instructor use of technology in the lesson plan.	The rationale for selecting the technology for instructor use is sound.	The rationale for selecting the technology for instructor use is sound AND includes reasons why other technologies were not selected.	

	1			1	
	Alignment to state standards for content and computer skills	Lesson plan is not clearly aligned to state standards for content and/or computer skills.	Lesson plan is clearly aligned to state standards for both content and computer skills at the appropriate grade level.	Lesson plan is clearly aligned to state standards for both content and computer skills at the appropriate grade level AND is also aligned to one or more other discipline standards (interdisciplinary).	
′	Completeness	Lesson plan is incomplete. One or more key elements are missing or are insufficient.	Lesson plan is complete. It contains all of the required elements.	Lesson plan is complete AND includes at least one of the following: -addresses higher-order thinking as per Bloom's Taxonomy -integrates with other content areas -includes accommodations for students with special needsincludes accommodations for students with special needs.	
	Language and Mechanics	Lesson plan contains multiple errors in grammar, spelling, punctuation and/or grammar OR word choice is inappropriate	Lesson plan contains no more than two grammar, spelling, and/or punctuation errors. Errors do not affect the meaning of the writing. Word choice is appropriate for the lesson.	Lesson plan is error-free. Writing demonstrates superior understanding of grammar, spelling and punctuation.	

Comments/Suggestions:

### PEER-REVIEW FORM

Your Name: Program:						·	
Subject/Course:					_		
Topic:							
Lesson Title:							
Level:					Less	on D	uration:
					•		
1							
		5	4	3	2	1	
TPACK Dimension	Attributes	Exceeds	Meets	Nearly meets standard	Does not meet	No Evidence	Remarks/Suggestions
	Provides Clear Lesson Objectives.						
Content	Exhibits sufficient knowledge of the subject topic/content.						
	Assessments match instructional method.						
Pedagogy	Lesson appears to help organize and manage student behavior—Explains sequence of events and procedures for students.						

	Lesson plan incorporates at least 1 technology.				
Technology	Discusses possible limitations to technology or potential problems, as well as solutions.	0			
-	Provides clear rationale for technology choice.				
	Demonstrates understanding of technology as teacher tool or student tool.			_	
	Selects effective teaching strategies appropriate to subject domain to guide student thinking and learning.				
Pedagogical Content Knowledge	Demonstrates awareness of possible student misconceptions.				
	Presents appropriate strategies for developing understanding of the subject content.				

	Chooses technologies enhancing approaches (teacher-centered approaches) -Uses technology to present material.			_			
Technological Pedagogical Knowledge	Chooses technologies enhancing student learning (student- centered approaches) – Students use technology to explore content and achieve learning goals.						
	Provides clear rationale for technology choice to deliver instruction.						
Technological Content	Chooses appropriate technologies for subject domain (mathematics, science).						
Knowledge	Link between technology and content is obvious or explicit						
Technological Pedagogical	Appropriately uses content, pedagogy, and technology strategies.						
Content Knowledge	Technology enhances content objectives and instructional strategies.						
General Comments/Suggestions:							

# DATA COLLECTION: Training and Orientation

Presentation of Validated
Philippine STEAM Education Model(s)



# DATA COLLECTION: Training and Orientation

### Orientation on Lesson Exemplar





# DATA COLLECTION: Training and Orientation

### Presentation of Guidelines on:

- 1. Lesson Exemplar Development
- 2. Peer Review
- 3. Revisions from Peer Review



Nurturing Innovative Teachers 6

# GUIDELINES ON THE PRESENTATION OF LESSON EXEMPLAR

- This session is an open presentation.
- Each presenter is given at most 15 minutes for the presentation of the Lesson Exemplar.
- Highlight in the presentation how the group weaved the components reflect the TPACK framework.
- Question and answer proceed after the lesson presentation. This will run for about 15 minutes.
- We request that at most 5 members from the cluster accompany the presenter in the question and answer part of the presentation.
- We will also accommodate question per cluster. For the others from the cluster who
  intend to provide suggestions may ask for strips of paper from their respective
  facilitators. Please write your School Affiliation on the strips of paper. They can also
  submit their suggestion to their facilitator.

# DATA COLLECTION: Lesson Exemplar Development

### Four (4) Identified Clusters



Technology and Engineering



Science (Physics & Chemistry)



**Mathematics** 



(Biology And Agri-Fisheries)

# DATA COLLECTION: Content Validation

### Two-rounds of Peer Review



# DATA COLLECTION: Content Validation

### **Panel Presentation and Critiquing**





# DATA ANALYSIS: Consolidation of Comments & Suggestions

The groups per cluster consolidated all comments based on peer reviews and panel critiquing for the revisions.

# DATA COLLECTION: Pilot Study/Testing

The core team asked each of the chosen best Lesson Exemplar to test the plan in their respective classes.

The core team requested documentation as well

# DATA ANALYSIS

# Transcriptions of video and audio records of lesson delivery

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION



# RESULTS & DISCUSSION

### Lesson Exemplars (L.E.) with specific features of PSE Model

	First Set of Results		Four (4) Best Lesson Exemplars
a)	Physical Science [5 L.E.]	a)	Physical Science -Group 3
b)	Biological Science & Agri-Fisheries [7 L.E.]	b)	Biological Science and Agri-Fisheries -Group 2
c)	Technology and Engineering [4 L.E.]	c)	Technology and Engineering -Group 2
d)	Mathematics [6 L.E.]	d)	Mathematics -Group 3

### PHYSICAL SCIENCE



### Land Million 27 September The EDULERSUM Principle The ENERGY Principle The ENTROPY Principle 3º The TEMPERATURE Principle

### Learning Outcomes

At the end of an interactive metadisciplinary lesson, the learners are expected to attain the following:

- a state the laws of thermodynamics operationally; b.apply the laws to analyze different thermodynamic processes; and
- c.relate the laws of thermodynamics to the different societal issues (thermal pollution, global warming and energy resources).

### Target Audience

The target audience for this lesson are 3rd Year BSE - Science Majors of Maharlika State University during the 2rd semester of SY 2019 -2020, who are digital 21c Century learners mainly manipulative, visual, tech savvy, interactive, creative, reflective, diverse, innovative and confident to understand the value of collaboration and the relationship of effort to results, and the need to continually

In the motivation part, we will use the mentimeter,

understanding of terms related to thermodynamics

https://www.mentimeter.com/s/993da57b41f2995bf

an open interactive presentation to elicit students"

forming a word cloud. Each student, using their

smartphone will give a word associated to

"Thermodynamics" to this online link

e976def727c50b0/0191e0394276.

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### Target Audience

A few of the class members are academically resilient due to problems in developing their problem solving skills and their use of mathematical skills There are three students in the class who have learning challenges (1 nearsighted, 1 dyslexia and 1 dyscalculia).

Pedagogies

This lesson shall be presented using constructionism and neurocognitive - based teaching model wherein the students will be the one to develop their own understanding of the concepts.

### Pedagogies

In the motivation part and in the cognitive assessment, an interactive online presentation will be used. In the lesson development, powerpoint presentation, video, and an interactive utilized

online laboratory (virtual reality using PhysLets) using problem - based learning and inquiry approach will be

### Pedagogies

The exposure to the different technologies allow the students to boost attention, gather information, understanding of concepts, organization of thoughts, idea clarification or looking for something new and students' re - engineering of concepts learned.

#### Technology Materials

Saughner, Spage, stand concrete, with age, mobiles. If one pr try dates, LCC Person, Late, some consul-

#### Lesson Strategy and Required Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

Students will be grouped into 8 with 5 members each. Then, allow the students to deduce laws of thermodynamics in the following systems using a 3 - minute video clips presented by the teacher.

- Heat engine (car engine)
- Heat pump (air condition refrigerator)
   Human being as thermodynamic system
- · A rock falling on the ground

Earth as a thermodynamic system

Perfect crystals

11

### Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

Students will answer the guide questions that would elicit their conclusion about the laws of thermodynamics. Further, the students will answer the following questions, based on the assignment given:

Prior to the viewing, the questions will be projected on screen.

Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

The teacher process the students' understanding thermal equilibrium, the first law in terms of conservation of energy, irreversibility of natural processes and entropy. Then students will write the deduced statements of the laws of thermodynamics.

### Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

Students will give practical activities or daily activities, which are considered as thermodynamic involving the laws of thermodynamics. The teacher demonstrate also to the class using PheT simulations and allow the students to analyze the situation what law of thermodynamics is applicable to the situation.

### Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

The students will collaborate in a laboratory activity on the statistical interpretation of entropy.

### Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

The teacher will present the different societal issues (thermal pollution, global warming and energy resources) case study, which has been previously distributed. A class argumentation activity or SSI (Socioscientific Issues) within 15 minutes will be conducted.

Assessment

in the maximism man, the students possible if their even. The student will confirm the word about presented States, assess to the evolutions and their Fraction will proceed the assess perioded to the processing as the proof parties. Assessment

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15 17 16

### **BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE & AGRI-FISHERIES**

LESSON EXEMPLAR SCIENCE CLUSTER BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES GROUP

YOUR NAME SC BACE CULSTER (BOLOGICAL SCIENCES GROUP) : 8.5. 8 OLOGY MAJOR IN ANIMAL SICLOGY SUBJECT /COURSE : ANIMAL PHYSICLOGY TOPIC : MOVEVENT LESSON TITLE DIFFERENT MUSTLE TYPES THEO YEAR LESSON DURATION: 1 % HOURS LECTURE AND 3 HOURS CASORATOR

Learning Outcome(s) (Coment Pronsords and Parlamanes Prandords) comfy the efferent muscle types I Relate the physical characteristics of the offerent muscles and mar location in the body to their functions 1. Forem past appraisy techniques designed to suc different musics types. ל בקיים שמים והם בקרק מיו "ם ממים עקרע מיו מים פיקקה ל תישום ועקב מחב לא ותקונסיומה זה היישה הפינו מתנו מתנו

Snowing the Japaner Speed on your survey done from porter in the pourse, done terget audience for the leasen, what types of learning styles w The terest suddress are the title year Solday and במתקסובה כי הבקופי הייבסים ובמסים במיוםי היומסים transfereds from other eplage/university or from the same un איים בפים דיבים לם רפול זעם

Remaindering to consider relevance and career/workloace Pedagodes frow are technology, contant, and godegogloo' knowledge warding regioner in the tasent) Video grassmarton will be used to introduce the three types muscles and their functions (motivation part) The efferent muses types and functions will be greatered using ומרום מוש על מינים מינ

- . The use of the 2 Models (human Body and Mr. Musda) w מישור מישור מישורים של מישורים the effect muscle horse to their leasten in the body h
- The bindeylar microscopes and grapanad sides will be עמבולים ביונים ב muse types (group apprarary parkey and individual ופטורסיק עיסיפינטו
- Laboratory manuals and apparments for the basis laparatory teathques in systems the three from the muses, and mar functions.

Technology Seing Used by Technology Seing Used by

Technology Seing Used by Teocher

auble Unitations to Technology , Potential oblems and Solutions : Teacher 2. Inadequate number of models and microscopes in-proportion to the number of the students 1. Proper allocation of evaluable technology (models and microscopes) through round ratin wineters.

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### Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

#### Venue: Science Lecture Room A. Motivation:

 Video presentation to introduce the three types of muscles and their functions in the body to produce movement. (The required materials are laptop, LCD, and speakers)

### Lesson Strategy and Required Materials

- · Fowerpoint presentation of the different types muscles and their functions in relation to the Ma presented, (Lecture Method)
- Presentation of the skeletal muscles, their location, on functions using Mr. Muscle Model
- Presentation of the cordina muscle and Ascera muscles their locations and functions using the Model of the Human Body

### Venue: Vology Laboratory

Liberatory Experiment

- Consular of experiment using the laboratory sheet in the laborator manual mistratoges and gregored sides on the trase types of muscle their occurrent and function

- configuration of the afferent powers must be that populars
- identification of the control music and visceral musics in relation to according and functions using the viscer of number 2009 to group the enduration.
- Ancier the refective question: fisher will neggen to you \$ you don't

item analysis of the practical examinesuits

Post Lab Discussion

Sense make Inflamency automorphisms of the results of the quie precised Propried exert (reveved) Take? of group evaluation Lesewey regen using Mr. Muscle and human (methodological) bedy medal Group protection Copen, my to sense! ( peer review) maconoscripm

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### Assessment of Learning

How do you know students met the learning objectives and targets?)

Results of the following:

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Loboratory report

Practical exam Group evaluation

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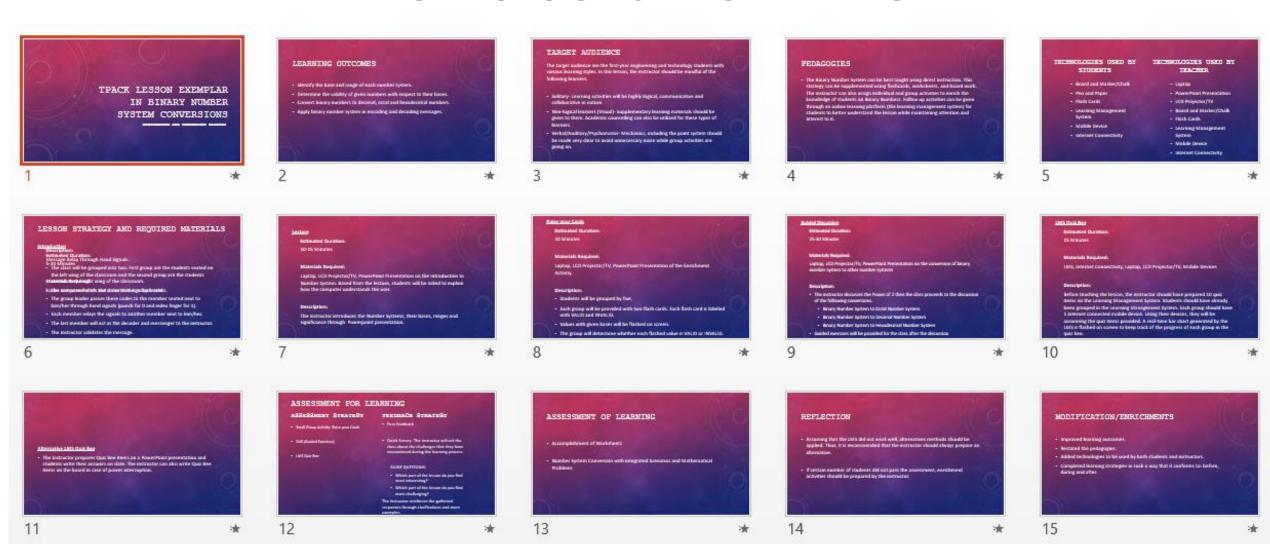
Analyze students difficulties in:

- the use of Mr. Muscle and Human Body models in identifying the types and functions of the 2 types of muscles

-conducted gulz, practical report

2. The teacher can evaluate the need to re-teach the lesson or move on to the next.

### **TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING**



### **MATHEMATICS**



Learning Outcome(s) At the end of the lesson, students will 1. recognize Fibonacci sequence; 2. determine the nth term in the Fibonacci sequence: 3. Identify Fibonacci sequence in nature: 4. express appreciation of Fibonacci sequence in nature.

Target Audience

> Students with different learning styles will be catered. > First year students are coming from different backgrounds and different learning styles.

> The topic will be able to respond to visual learners and auditory learners through the video that will be presented.

> Kinesthetic learners will appreciate the examples in nature

> Students with numerical intelligences will be challenged in

Pedagogies

1. Students will be given a problem (The Rabbit Problem) shown through PPT precentation. Students will discuss among themselves the solution to the problem and will be saked to give their answers. and how it was arrived at. Students can use their scientific calculators or celighone calculators so they can work efficiently.

2. The teacher will provide the answer illustrating the pattern of numbers and will introduce the concept of Fibonacci number and

### Pedagogies

- 2. Students will have a groblem exercise about finding the nth term in the Fibaneod sequence. 4. Objects in nature illustrating Fibonacci numbers will be shown.
- through pictures and video clip. 5. Students will be asked to write a reflection paper about the video
- they watched. 6. Students will be given an assignment that targets multiple

Assessment for Learning

State to all to refer trade by to fill in a series of rameters with the missing

Princer from the Testing the minimum in Parallel manners in Finding the minimum in Finding the minimum in Finding the minimum in Finding terms. Such risk will be maintainly extent in give examples of birtings they see in the profession of their subtility Findings I member with the subtility of the subtility of

The students will be select renderly and show that reflection on the class presents about Phonesis arounds.

intelligences.

Statisting exemples of math in return

Penaltin state of difficulty in the grages

use of exhaustic for energylatine of the element of the Plantage supports or in anti-source by about store

discussion, pair marriedly, and public

Technology Being Used By students computers/ laptops computers/ laptops cellphones cellphones scientific calculators scientific calculators

LCD projector

Lesson Strategies

. In the Rabbit Problem, the students will be able to discuss among themselves gossible solutions to the grablem by scaffolding: think-gair-share or group

. The proper use of the calculator will be done by demonstration.

Required Materials

Target Audience

the activities.

that illustrates Fibonacci number.

· The lesson will be delivered through PowerPoint presentation using computer/laptop and the LCD

To Illustrate the solution, the board and marker will

Required Materials

. The calculator will be used to provide alternative solution in finding the nth number in the Fibonacci

. The video clip (Nature by Numbers by Cristobal) Vila) will be shown using the laptop, speaker and LCD projector.

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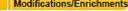
### Assessment of Learning



- Performance task given as an assignment specific to each of the multiple intelligences of the students (linguistic, naturalistic, sgadal, and more).
- Students will be tasked to take pictures of objects found in nature that exhibits Fiboracci numbers. The work will be greatened in class and will be
- Students will be required to bring a glosure of their face which will be measured to Illustrate the Solden Ratio. This will provide realization on the application of the Fibonacci number as a golden ratio in the human body.

Reflection

- of the 21st century learners.





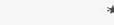
Identify appropriate strategies suited to the needs.

 Ze able to handle/overcome technical problems/asues due to limitations in technology

Modifications/Enrichments

Modify teaching strategies.

14



# CONCLUSION



# STEAM LESSON EXEMPLARS AS PRODUCT VALIDATION OF PSE MODELS

### TPACK ILESSON PILAN TEMPLATE

Your Na	ıme:	Biological Sciences Group 2	Program:	B.S.Bio Biology	logy Major in Animal
Subject/	Cours	e: Animal Physiology			
Topic:	Move	ment			
Lesson 7	Γitle:	Different Muscle Types			
Level:	Third	Year	Lesson Du	ration:	1 ½ hours lecture and 3 hours laboratory

### Learning Outcome(s) (Content Standards and Performance Standards)

- 1. Identify the different muscle types
- Relate the physical characteristics of the different types of muscles and their location in the body to their functions.
- Perform basic laboratory techniques designed to study the different muscle types.
- Appreciate the uniqueness of the physical characteristics of each component/individual to reach the common goal such as movement



# THANK YOU!



